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C. R. PATTISON,

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SOME BRINGETH THEM TO THEIR DESIRED HAVEN.

"Sol! O'er some the waves are dashing,
And tempests round them roar,
Ocean billows wildly lashing
From the centre to the shore.
Vainly strives the barque to ride them,
Helm unshipped, and gone her mast:
Yet in sooth the Master guides them
To their destined port at last.

"Sol! Fair and some, soft zephyrs playing,
Waft them gently o'er the sea—
Not a angry wave delaying
From the shore where they would be;
O'er the ruffled waters gliding
Till the pleasant voyage is past,
For 'tis so the Lord is guiding
To the destined port at last.

"Sol! On some, dead calms are resting;
Or, if these awhile remove,
Baffling head-winds still are breasting
Every faint attempt to move.
By some anchor ever clinging
In anguish troubled waters cast—
Yet 'tis so the Lord is bringing
Them to reach the port at last.

"Sol! If thou, O Father! guide us,
If thy hand is on the helm,
We will trust, whate'er betide us;
We will smile, though seas o'erwhelm.
If thou but art near to cherish,
From no tempest will we shrink;
Only crying, "Save! we perish!"
When our frail barque seems to sink.

Savior! thou didst walk the waters,
Long ago, in Galilee;
Help thy trembling sons and daughters,
Launched upon a wider sea!
Let thy voice, through tempests ringing,
Hearn above earth's fiercest blast,
Whisper, "So the Lord is bringing
Each one safely home at last."

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

From Putnam's Monthly for June.

Schuyler Colfax was born at a house in North Moore street near West Broadway, in the city of New York, March 22d, 1823. His Mother is but sixteen years his senior. He received a good common school education; was bred a printer, and settled in Indiana in 1836. He soon became foreman and assistant editor of the village paper at South Bend. It was then a very small sheet, such as every Western settlement issues as a sort of flyer to a job printing business as soon as it has got its school house, grocery, hotel and blacksmith shop, and begins to think about having a meeting house. The "typo" out West freequently gets the start of the preacher though the race is close. Those who saw Colfax then "at the gass" describe him a light, spindling, flaxen-haired, boyish-looking youth clever rather in the Yankee than in the English sense—with a delicacy of temperament which suggested a doubt whether he had the stamina to live to manhood, without the faintest suggestion that in his mature years he would be Speaker of the House, and the second choice of the country for President. The news then came to South Bend by stage from Detroit, or up the St. Jo River from the Lake. There was but little of it, and though Mr. Colfax became editor and publisher of the South Bend *Register* as soon as he became of age, other and subsequent evidences were required to establish his claim to intellectual superiority. In 1848 he was a delegate to and Secretary of the Whig National Convention. He was elected to the Thirty-fourth Congress, and has been regularly re-elected to every subsequent Congress. He was elected Speaker of the Thirty eighth Congress, and has been re-elected Speaker of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth. He was urged but he declined to accept a seat in the United States Senate, preferring his presiding chair in the House. His open, pleasant face, has become familiar to large audiences throughout the country, who have listened to his addresses upon political topics, upon the late President Lincoln—by whom he was warmly loved,—upon his tour across the continent to the Pacific, or upon subjects connected with the work of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions. He is pure in his personal and moral habits, has a broad, outspoken, and catholic sympathy with every good work or reform, whether political, moral, intellectual or religious, and has the warm and enthusiastic confidence of Christians and temperance reformers throughout the country. He attends, and I believe is a member of the Reformed Dutch Church, and is a thorough teetotalist. Without being educated as a scholar, industrious reading has given him much of what is valuable in scholarship unalloyed by its pedantry, its clannishness, or its egotism. Without being bred a lawyer, practical familiarity with legislation has taught him all that is most valuable in law, freed from the conservatism and inaptitude for change and reform which rest like an incubus on so many of those minds which are bred by the habits of the legal profession to look for precedents which show what the law has been, rather than to broad principles which settle what the law ought to be. Yet Mr. Colfax has frequently shown the happiest familiarity with precedents especially in questions of parliamentary practice. As a presiding officer he is the most popular the House has had since Henry Clay. His marvellous quickness of thought, and talent for the rapid administration of details, enables him to hold the reins of the House of Representatives, even in the most boisterous and turbulent moods (and with the exception of the New York Board of Brokers, the British House of Commons, or a Fair at Donnybrook, it is the most uprorious body in the world,) with as much ease and grace as Mr. Bonner would show the paces of Dexter in Central Park, or as Gottschalk would tread the keys of a piano, in a dreamy maze of faultless, quivering melody. As an orator, Mr. Colfax is not argumentative, except as clear statement and sound judgment are convincing. He rides no erratic hobbies. He demands few policies which the average sense of intelligent men cannot be made to assent to on a clear statement of his position. He is eminently representative. A glance at his broad, well-balanced, practical brain, indicates that his leading faculty is the sum of all the faculties—judgment, and what he believes the majority of the people either believe or can be made to believe. Some men may be further ahead of the age. Mr. Colfax finds sufficient occupation and usefulness in adapting himself to times and things as they are, without cutting his throat with paradoxes or stealing a march on mankind with some new light, which they are very likely to regard as a "will-o-the-wisp." He has no excentricities, but great tact. His talents are administrative and executive, rather than deliberative. He would make a better President, or Speaker of the House than Senator.—He knows men well, estimates them correctly, treats them all fairly and candidly. No man will get through his business with you in fewer minutes, and yet none is more free from the horrid *brusqueness* of busy men. There are heart and kindness in Mr. Colfax's politeness. Men leave his presence with the impression that he is at once an able, honest, and kind man. Political opponents like him personally, as well as his political friends. We have never heard that he has any enemies. The breath of slander has been silent toward his fair, spotless fame. The wife of his youth, after being for a long time an invalid, sank to her final rest several years ago, leaving him childless. His mother and sister preside at his receptions, which for many years have been, not the most brilliant, but the most popular of any given at the capital. Socially, Mr. Colfax is frank, lively, jolly. It may be that he feels his oats in some degree, but dignity hasn't spoiled him. The everlasting I-hood, and Us-ness is forgotten in his presence. His manners are not quite so familiar as those of Lincoln, but nearly so. They are gentle, natural, graceful, with a bird-like or business-like quickness of thought and motion. But they are very far from the high and mighty style of Sumner, or the judicial coldness of Fessenden, Sherman, and Trumbull. Though manly, they are genial and winning. American mothers believe in Schuyler Colfax. There are more babies named for him than for any public man since Clay. It is a sure test of greatness when mothers are willing to take the name of a public man to the baptismal font, and sacredly link together that oft repeated name and that tender, unfledged life, with holy prayer. They know that, come what will, that name, however tried and tempted, will never disgrace their offspring. What more shall we say of Schuyler Colfax? The nation honors him. We are willing to believe that he will some day be President.—Whether President or not, he can afford to be *right*.

From the New York Tribune.

GEN. GRANT'S SPEECHES.

The Democratic journals are greatly exercised about Gen. Grant's speeches, and predict disaster to the country in the election of a man who (they say) cannot make a glittering oration. One of these carping critises is Gen. S. B. Buckner, now the edisor of *The Louisville Courier*, the chief Pendleton Democratic organ of Kentucky Editor Buckner sharply reviews Gen. Grant's style of ideas, and thinks he won't do. But Mr. Buckner possibly may remember one little speech of composition of Gen. Grant. It was as follows:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY IN THE FIELD,
Camp near Donelson, Feb. 16, '62.

To Gen. S. B. Buckner, Confederate Army:

Yours of this date, proposing an an armistice and appointment of commissioners to settle terms of capitulation, is just received. *No other terms than an unconditional and immediate surrender can be accepted. I propose to move immediately upon your works.* I am Sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT,
Brigadier General U. S. A., Commanding.

Gen. Buckner called these terms ungenerous and uncivil; *but he made haste to accept them.* For once, at least, he clearly comprehended Gen. Grant's style.

Some time afterward, Gen. Grant was visited in his camp before Vicksburg by Gen. Pemberton, who was anxious to know upon what terms that city could be relieved from a siege just then pending. Here are the speeches:

PEMBERTON.—Gen. Grant, I meet you in order to arrange terms for capitulation. What terms do you demand?

GRANT.—*Unconditional surrender.*

PEMBERTON.—Unconditional surrender! never, so long as I have a man left me. I will fight rather.

GRANT.—Very well.

But Gen. Pemberton reflected a little, and as soon as the full force of Gen. Grant's brief speech became clear to his mind, he, too, made haste to comply.

Again, on the road to Richmond, after the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, Gen. Grant indulged in a speech or dispatch in these tolerably clear words:

"We have now ended the sixth day of very hard fighting, and the result to this time is much in our favor. *I propose to fight it out on this line if it takes us all Summer.*"

We believe Gen. Lee was in no doubt as to the meaning of this speech. If he was, those doubts were settled by the next which we shall quote of Gen. Grant's speeches. The scene this time is at Appomattox Court House:

"I propose to receive the surrender of the army of Northern Virginia upon the following terms."

We need not quote the terms. It is enough to say that Gen. Lee very clearly understood them, and lost no time in complying.

Since that time Gen. Grant has made few speeches; but few and brief as they are, they are by no means so ambiguous as these Democratic critics would have us believe. His latest and noblest speech reads as follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the National Union Republican Convention: I will endeavor in a very short time to write you a letter accepting the trust you have imposed upon me. [Applause.] Expressing my gratitude for the confidence you have placed in me, I will now say but little orally, and that is to thank you for the unanimity with which you have selected me as a candidate for the Presidential office.—I can say, in addition, I looked on during the progress of the proceedings at Chicago with a great deal of interest, and am gratified with the harmony and unanimity which seem to have governed the deliberations of the Convention. If chosen to fill the high office for which you have selected me, I will give to its duties the same energy, the same spirit, and the same will, that I have given to the performance of all duties which have devolved upon me heretofore. Whether I shall be able to perform these duties to your entire satisfaction, time will determine. *You have truly said, in the course of your address, that I shall have no policy of my own to enforce against the will of the people.*

We have had four Generals in the Presidential chair, not one of whom was brilliant as an orator. George Washington when given the command of the Revolutionary Army, could scarcely say "I thank you." The only real speech he ever made was written by Alexander Hamilton. Andrew Jackson was an orator; but when he said:

"By the Eternal! *the Union must and shall be preserved,*"

he was very fairly understood, even in South Carolina. Gens. Harrison and Taylor were men of little oratorical ability, yet they made out to use intelligible English. Julius Cæsar was an indifferent speaker, yet there was solid pith in his "*Veni, vidi, vici,*" Napoleon (the first) was a wretched orator, and still men of every tongue found no difficulty in getting at the meaning of the few brief speeches he had occasion to make. There are other noble examples that "speech is silvern, but silence is golden." These, however, will suffice; and so to Gen. Grant, we think our Democratic friends will manage to understand what he may hereafter say quite as clearly as they did his humble efforts at Fort Donelson, Vicksburg, Spotsylvania, and Appotomax. Meanwhile, we recommend them to a careful study of his very latest effort—the brief and noble letter accepting the Republican nomination, the text of which is in these words:

To Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, President National Union Republican Convention:—In formally accepting the nomination of the National Union Republican Convention of the 21st of May inst., it seems proper that some statement of views beyond the mere acceptance of the nomination should be expressed.—The proceedings of the Convention were marked with wisdom, moderation and patriotism, and I believe express the feelings of the great mass of those who sustained the country through its recent trials. *I indorse the resolutions.*—If elected to the office of President of the United States, it will be my endeaver to administer all the laws in good faith, with economy, and with the view of giving peace, quiet, and protection everywhere. In times like the present it is impossible, or at least eminently improper, to lay down a policy to be adhered to, wright or wrong, through an administration of four years. New political issues, not fore seen, are constantly arising, the views of the public on old ones constantly changing, and a purely administrative officer should always be left free to execute the will of the people. I always have respected that will, and always shall. Peace and universal prosperity—its sequence—with economy of administration, will lighten the burden of taxation, while it constantly reduces the National debt. LET US HAVE PEACE.

With great respect your ob't serv't,
U. S. GRANT.

Washington, D. C., May 29, 1868.

Address of Mr. Romeyn on the Occasion of Decorating the Soldier's Graves in the City of Detroit.

Less than one-third of the average life of a single generation has passed since we were called to arms to defend the nation's honor and life. History will tell how Michigan responded to the call. She sent to the conflict more than 90,000 of her sons. They went forth with unbroken ranks, in the fullness of strength and hope. Of these, more than 13,000 died on the battlefield, or from wounds and sickness.—Many lie in untraceable localities. The resting place of others are marked and known. It is proposed that, on this day, these graves be visited and decorated by those who loved their tenants in life and honor them in death. For this purpose we are met in this place of quiet and beauty, consecrated to most of us by thoughts of the kindred and friends that lie in his bosom. Our arrangements for this city could not embrace more than this locality. But it is not to be forgotten that it is proposed everywhere throughout the length and bredth of the land, that patriotic men and women will, on this day, visit the graves of our soldiers "deck the turf that wraps their clay." In the flush of the perfect beauty of full spring time, while the verdure of tree and grass is unstained, and the bloom of flowers is unfaded, we have gathered some of those to place upon the graves of our heroes tokens of our remembrance of them. The offering is simple, but it is appropriate. God has given us flowers to gratify our sense of beauty. They grow on the wilder ness and on the wide prairie, as well as in the garden and on the lawn. Their fragrance, their bright hues, their graceful forms, waken and refine our tastes. Jewels of nature, they are sweet adornments on all occasions—at the feast and the funeral, at the bridal and the burial. They fade and pass away, so do all earthly things, for time column from the tomb, as certainly and resistlessly as it does the flower from its stem or the leaf from the tree. But their bestowal betokens kindly regard and tender recollection.

And in this spirit we have come this day on this occasion. Our dead fell for their country. They died for her and for us. The cause which led them to leave friends and home and to give their lives was to save the very life of the Nation. Not in vain did they die; not in vain have they died. Though dead, they speak. They will ever live in history—not as individuals, but as the patriot soldiers and sailors, who, without distinction of party, enlisted and fought together in the common cause of the assailed and periled constitution and integrity of their country, constituting, in truth, the "Grand Army of the Republic."

The monument of the pass of Thermopylæ bore the inscription, "Go, stranger, and tell at Lacedæmon that we died for our country and in obedience to her laws!" The memory of the heroic deeds and of the heroic men lives in immortal greatness, though the names have not been recorded.

And so will it be with our heroes, though they have passed from our sight.

"The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
The soldier's last tattoo;
No more on life's parade shall meet
The brave, but fallen few.

"On fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
And Glory guards with solemn round
The bivouac of the dead!"

Friends, let us remember that for every added burial stone there is a vacant chair at the hearthstone; and that, pleasing and grateful as our attention to the memory of their dead may be to the bereaved, there is a higher duty—to visit the fatherless and the widows in their affliction, and, by our aid, if that be needed—by our sympathy in all cases—to sustain and cheer them.

Let them remember that there is consolation in the respect and gratitude that attach to the memory of the fallen brave; and that a better heritage than lands or money will be the pride of being connected by ties of kindred with the men who fought and won the great battle for the preservation of the Union.

The Tribune versus Tray, Blanche, and Sweetheart.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

SIR: I have been amusing myself lately by noticing how much space is given day by day in *The World, Times, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser*, etc., to beating *The Tribune* and Mr. Horace Greeley. I have been reminded of a little story I heard from Judge Culver's lips. During one of the early Republican campaigns, the Judge and James T. Bradey delivered addresses on the same evening to their respective parties, at a New England town. After the meeting they returned to the city on the same train. Brady, in his genial way, cried out for Culver to come and share his seat, and said, "Judge, now tell me what you have been speaking about to-night." The Judge of course complied, and, concluding, said, in legal phrase, "Now, Brady, tell me what your argument was." Brady answered as quick as lightning, and in his jolliest way, "Argument? My dear sir—argument?—Why I hadn't any. The argument is all on your side. I didn't know what else to do, so I spent the evening in hammering Horace Greeley, and I tell you I did give it to the white-coated philosopher for about an hour and a half." Now, surely, all these good people who are out of arguments ought to thank God most devoutly for Horace Greeley and his associates.

FREE SOIL.

New-York, May 21, 1868.

MORE ancient than the golden fleece,
More dignified than star
Or garter, is the badge of peace,
Whose ministers we are.
It is the badge of innocence
And friendship's holy flame;
And if you ne'er give that offence,
It ne'er will bring thee shame.

—SNEWING.

NOBODY is hardy enough to claim civil capacity for Grant.—*World in May*, 1868.

The War Department is, for the present, in the discreet and able hands of Gen. Grant.—*World in August*, 1867.

THE Chicago *Republican* says: "The Chase movement may be symbolized as the head of a fox cemented to the body of a jackass, with the tail of a peacock, and the legs of a sloth making snail paces through a swamp."

Two sons of Stephen A. Douglas, both of whom are resident in North Carolina, are said to be members of the Republican party, the oldest being the private secretary of Hon. W. W. Holden, Governor of that State.

"M. T. C." publishes the following in the *Independent*, addressed "To the Democrats:" From the field we shall drive you in route and disgrace. See the omen! E'en now we are giving you Chase!

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STEBBINS & DURAND.

The American Cooking Stove In Court.

At an adjourned term of the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of New York, in the second circuit held at the City Hall, in the city of Albany, the 28th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1868.

PRESENT:

The Honorable Nathan K. Hall, *Judge.*

J. H. Shear & J. Packard, *vs.* G. B. Bull & J. M. Rockwell, } *In Equity.*

It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that a perpetual injunction be issued in this suit against the defendants, restraining them from further infringements of said Patent, No. 51,406, dated Dec. 5th, 1865, for improvements in cooking stoves, pursuant to and in accordance with the prayer of the Bill of Complaint.

Signed A. A. BOYCE, *Clerk.*

The above suit was instituted for infringement of the Patent securing the manner of fitting the ash pan in the hearth of the American Cooking Stove, and for the combination of the bailed ash pan. We have repeatedly cautioned the public against selling or using stoves with these improvements not manufactured by us. All persons now selling or using stoves with these improvements in violation of the above injunction, without license from us, will be liable to fine and imprisonment.

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Agents wanted to co-operate with us in carrying out a plan which meets the wants of the million, and in the disposal of a large and varied stock of Dry and Fancy Goods, Silver Plated Ware, Watches, Carpetings, &c.

We meet our agents in a spirit of liberality, and those getting up clubs will receive as a premium a handsome present worth from $3 to $300, according to size of the club,

A check desiring an article to be sold for a dollar, 10 cts; 20 for $2; 40 for $4; 60 for $6; 100 for $10. Sent by mail. Money should be sent us by Postal Money Order, Registered Letter or Draft on New York, or Boston, *payable to our order.* Circulars mailed free to any address.

HARRIS & PLUMMER,

222-6m. 34 Hanover St. Boston, Mass.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership between Jonas L. Rappley, Samuel E Hudson and Charles A. Hurlburt, under firm name of Rappley, Hudson & Hurlburt, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 29th day of April, 1868.

JONAS L. RAPPLEY,
SAMUEL E. HUDSON,
CHARLES A HURLBURT

Ypsilanti, June 8th, 1868 224-3w.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The firm heretofore existing under the name of C. & E. King, is this day dissolved by mutual agreement. The business will be continued by Chas. King.

All persons indebted to the above firm, by Note or on Book account, are requested to call and settle the same without delay.

CHAS. KING.
EDW'D. KING.

Ypsilanti, June 8, 1868. n224-3w

The Ypsilanti Commercial.

FREE TO DO RIGHT, TO DO WRONG, NEVER.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1868.

OUR STANDARD BEARER FOR 1868.

"We will Fight it out on this Line if it takes all Summer."

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Ulysses S. Grant

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

SCHUYLER COLFAX

OF INDIANA.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention, to nominate candidates for State officers, and electors for President and Vice-President, and for the transaction of other business, will be held in the CITY OF DETROIT, at Merrill Hall, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of July, 1868, at 11 o'clock, a. m. The several counties will send two delegates for each Representative in the lower branch of the State Legislature, and every organized county having no Representative will be entitled to one delegate. All citizens who favor the speedy Reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion upon the basis of loyalty, equal rights and impartial justice; who would maintain the national honor in the just payment of the national debt; who would equalize and reduce taxation as fast as the national faith will permit; who would have the Government administered with the strictest economy, and the corruptions shamefully fostered by Andrew Johnson radically reformed; who would have the naturalized citizen abroad protected equally with others; who sympathise with all oppressed peoples' who are struggling for equal rights for all men everywhere; who will support the victorious Hero of the late war, and his gallant associate, Schuyler Colfax, are cordially invited to cooperate.

By a resolution of 1858, no delegate will be entitled to a seat who does not reside in the county he represents. By order.

W. A. HOWARD, Chairman.
W. S. WOOD, Secretary.
Detroit, May 28, 1868.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Washtenaw County will meet in Convention on Thursday the 25th day of June 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Detroit on Wednesday the 1st day of July 1868, for the purpose of nominating State Officers and Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, and also for the purpose of electing delegates to the Congressional Convention to be hereafter called.

The several cities and townships will be entitled to delegates to the County Convention, as follows:

Ann Arbor	4	Pittsfield	4
" " City, 1st Ward	4	Salem	4
" " " 2d "	3	Saline	6
" " " 3d "	4	Scio	6
" " " 4th "	4	Sharon	5
" " " 5th "	2	Superior	5
" " " 6th "	2	Sylvan	5
Augusta	4	Webster	4
Bridgwater	3	York	5
Dexter	3	Ypsilanti	4
Freedom	3	" City, 1st Ward	3
Lima	4	" " 2d "	2
Lodi	4	" " 3d "	3
Lyndon	3	" " 4th "	3
Manchester	6	" " 5th "	3
Northfield	4		

Ann Arbor June 1st, 1868.

JOHN I. THOMPSON,
Chairman County Committee.

GEN. GRANT'S POSITION.

There are three features in Grant's position, as indicated by his letter, well worthy the attention of every voter.

1. His significant words, "A purely administrative officer should always be left free to execute the will of the people. I always have respected that will and always shall." This acknowledgement of respect for the commands of the people accords with the genius of our free institutions. Congress represents and the President executes the will of the people. "I shall have no policy of my own to enforce against the will of the people." He will find it consistent with his dignity to be only the Chief Executive of the people. Like a wise man and a patriot he will leave legislation where the Constitution puts it, with Congress. Considerate men will hail this position as an advance toward a just and practical exposition of the Constitution. The one legislates and the other executes. There will be no mastership, and therefore no obsequiousness—no scandalous divorce between co-ordinate powers such as has distracted the country and now casts a gloom of anxiety while Andrew Johnson continues to rule.

2. Gen. Grant strikingly says in his letter of acceptance:

"Economy of administration, will lighten the burden of taxation, while it constantly reduces the national debt."

His administration will be an economical one. In the management of a large army, operating at a great distance from the base of supplies and in a hostile country, there is much that calls for the display of administrative capacity of the highest order. Gen. Grant especially excelled in this direction. His army was always well appointed, and from his subordinates he required thorough efficiency and uniform promptness. At the close of the war he advised and superintended the immediate mustering out of the volunteers, thus saving millions by this great measure of retrenchment.—During the 90 days that he had charge of the war department he effected great changes. The President in one of his messages said Grant had been the means of "saving millions to the treasury."—This he did by discharging useless officers breaking up bureaux that were cumberous and expensive, consolidating branches of the Department, abolishing sinecures, forbidding extravagant systems of administering the public business, &c.

3d. Gen. Grant gives this pledge:

"If elected to the office of President of the United States, it will be my endeavor to administer all the laws in good faith, and with the view of giving peace, quiet and protection everywhere."

This is just what the people want—PEACE! The Great Republican party is not prompted by malice or revenge.—It seeks no indemnity for the past, but security for the future—security founded on justice and harmony. Peace can only be based on the immutable principles of right. Not as partisans or as politicians, but as patriots, we believe that the election of Gen. Grant will do much towards securing this blessing, that it will inaugurate an administration of the laws which will secure "peace, quiet and protection everywhere," that it will bring about an economy of administration, a lightening of the burdens of taxation, a reduction of the national debt, in as much as it will bring peace and universal prosperity.—Therefore we advise all that the surest and shortest road to this consummation most devoutly to be wished, is to place General Grant in the presidential chair. As his appointment to the command of the armies of the United States was the most effectual way of ending the war, so his election to the presidency will be the most forcible expression of the desire of the people for peace, and of their sagacity in devising a method by which the country shall be reassured, its industry stimulated and every section of the nation placed under the protection of law and the constitution.

AN ADDRESS,

To the Republicans of Washtenaw Co.

REPUBLICANS—Another Campaign is before us. *Michigan must do her duty*, now as in the past. Assassination robbed us of our victory in 1864, and treachery to party and country by Andrew Johnson, followed with corruption and bribery, have since done their worst to dishearten and demoralize the Republican party—but in vain. The party that saved the nation will stand true to the integrity of its principles.—The honest, loyal sentiment of the country understand that the only safety of the nation is in the success of the Republican party and *not* in the success of the party that sought in a cruel conflict of blood to destroy the nation's life. Reconstruction upon the basis of loyalty and impartial justice, as the fruits of our victory over slavery (without which permanent peace and prosperity cannot be secured), is yet to be accomplished, and can only be done through the party of freedom. With Grant and Colfax as our standard bearers, we must "fight it out on this line if it takes all summer."

Our candidate is the invincible hero of the war—the conqueror of the Democratic rebellion. He never yet has failed in any position in which he has been placed—he never has been defeated. The first soldier of the nation, the foremost captain of the world, the brave, the wise, the prudent tanner-boy soldier who led the Union boys to victory in the clash of arms, will lead the grand army of loyal voters to victory in the peaceful contest at the ballot box. The past shows that he has a wonderful discrimination in judging of men—selecting "the right man for the right place," as proved in the selection of Sherman, Sheridan, Thomas, &c., to carry out his successful plan for crushing the rebellion.

When called in 1867 to administer the important duties of the War Department, he fully showed his great administrative and statesman-like abilities by at once reducing the expenses of the war office over twelve millions of dollars without detriment to the department. He may be safely judged for the future by the past. He pledges himself to administer the government with economy, to lessen the burdens of taxation, and ever to "obey the will of the people," with no policy of his own to force upon the country." Having crushed the rebellion, he now says, "*let us have peace*"—as the only road to "universal prosperity."

Like George Washington, he is a man of few words, but wise, prudent and patriotic. "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

In his nomination, the Republican party have not only named a good and trustworthy Chief Executive of the Commonwealth, fully endorsing the Republican party and platform, but it paid a tribute of national gratitude to the armies of the Union, in the person of their beloved Chief. Conscious of this, the copperhead press and leaders are boiling over with ridicule of our candidate; with ridicule for the war, jeers for its leaders and sneers for the achievements of all who engaged in it, thus fully establishing the truth of Gen. Grant's remark in his letter of acceptance, that the work of the Chicago Convention "expressed the feelings of those who sustained the country during its recent trials."

Of his associate on the ticket, the favorite of Michigan, and of the west the east, the north and south,—the friend of Lincoln, the eminent statesman, the experienced Schuyler Colfax, we need not say a word. He is no Benedict Arnold, no Judas Iscariot, no *Andrew Johnson*. Nominated amid a storm of wild enthusiasm, every true man knows that he is worthy of the most implicit confidence of the American people, that no consideration can make a traitor of Schuyler Colfax.—"The Republican party saved the nation's life, it must now save its honor."

Republicans, prepare for work. Organize. Act in harmony and concert. Raise your standard high and "move upon the enemy's works. Michigan *must* maintain her former proud record of Republican majorities which have grown larger at each Presidential election since 1856, except in 1864, when she had 80,000 men at the front fighting treason. The few of those who found opportunity to vote in spite of the opposition of copperheads in the rear and rebels in the front, voted as follows:

For Lincoln,.....9,402
For McClellan,.....2,959.

When in 1866 the war-worn "veterans"—the democratically snubbed "hell-hounds," "bull dogs," "murderers," "mercenaries,""monkeys in blue," &c., &c., had returned from the smoke of the battle-field, victorious under the hero of all the battles from Donelson to Appomattox, the Republican majority rose to over 30,000, and it must not fall below this in 1868.

We have a wily and unscrupulous foe to meet. Stimulated by treachery and bribery in high places, and the hope of future spoils, they are already organizing in open clubs and secret clans, for success. They know this to be their last chance. If loyalty in the South can be *disfranchised*, and red handed, unrepentent rebels enfranchised as a reward for treason, thus making "treason odious" after the patent of Andrew Johnson, then will the government revert from the hands of those who saved it to the hands of those who sought to destroy it, then will copperhead democracy make good the cry of "Lincoln hirelings" against the nation's defenders, then will the nation's debt be repudiated, or the rebel debt, larger than our own, be assumed and paid, then will we be taxed to pay pensions to rebel soldiers for fighting to destroy the government.

We repeat, *prepare for work*. Organize, and have a complete canvass of every town, village, ward and city.—Discard all personal considerations.—Attend primary meetings. Make whatever sacrifices are required in time or money to bring out a full Republican vote; resolve to swell the Republican majority in each township larger than ever before, *and you will do it*. The hearts of the people are with us. We never had national standard bearers more worthy of active, constant work. Let every mando his duty.

Gen. Grant and the Old Soldier.

From the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

During the year 1865 an old soldier, named Lemuel Owens, was discharged from the arsenal in this city, owing to some very abrupt reply he gave to a self-appointed Committee who were sounding him upon his politics.

As Owens had served 26 years in the regular army, and had wound up his term of service on the Peninsula, under McClellan, he would allow no man to question his right to vote, and boasted, too, that he had served in the Fourth Infantry, under Grant, when the renowned chieftain was but a Lieutenant.

He told the Committee he would go and see General Grant himself about the matter. They jokingly replied, "do so, old fellow; he'll make it all right." General Grant was temporarily living at Twentieth and Chestnut streets, in this city, as the veteran soldier trudged up with his story to the General's house. He stepped up, rang the bell, and went into the entry hall. When the servant appeared and saw an old, sunburned, poorly-dressed man, he very promptly asked: "What do you want?"

I want to see General Grant," was the calm reply.

"The General's engaged, and cannot be seen. Have you got a card?"

Just at this momment a little girl appeared, and old Owens said to her, "Sis, run up stairs and tell your pop an old Fourth Infantry man wants to see him."

A message soon came down for the old soldier to come in, when he was ushered into the presence of General Grant, he shook him by the hand, and said, "General, don't you know me?" The General replied that he had seen so many people of late that it was hard to remember them all.

Owens told him when he served under him, and that he had been discharged from his work, and that he had lost his eldest son from disease in the war, and his family had nothing to depend on but his labor. Grant patiently listened to the old soldier's story, and picking up his pen, wrote a few lines to the effect that Owens should have work as long as he wanted it.

The old man was not long in reaching his former field of labor, armed with the formidable order, and when he presented it, with the signature of the Commander-in-Chief attached, it created much surprise, and the veteran soldier was graciously acknowledged as entitled, henceforth, to a respectful consideration.

The Great Conflagration.

Losses and Insurance.

Correspondence of the Advertiser and Tribune.

MARQUETRE, June 12, 1868.

The most terrible calamity has just befallen our village which it is possible for the human mind to conceive.—About 11 o'clock last night a fire broke out in the boiler room of the railroad shop, and in the short space of three hours the entire business portion of our thriving town was reduced to a desolate waste. So sudden was the destruction, that very little of the contents of the burning buildings was saved, and so complete, that hardly a smouldering ember now remains to mark the site of the many buildings destroyed. The alarm was not sounded till the fire was well under way, and though the company have a powerful steam pump for use on such occasions, close at hand, there was not time to attach the hose and start it, before the machine shop, foundry and carpenter shop were all ablaze. All hope of saving any of these buildings was at once abandoned, and attention turned to saving surrounding ones and their contents.

The wind was blowing moderately from the south-west, thus placing Burt Brothers' planing mill and Everett's block of four wooden stores in imminent peril. The mill was defended with a little force pump and men with buckets, and was saved. Everett's block was fired, and with almost lightning rapidity, every building north as far as Washington street. Mr. Everett's office and residence on the east side of Front street also took fire about this time. The fire did not seriously threaten for some time Burt Brothers' brick block, and the wooden buildings on Front street, south of the carpenter's shop, and it was thought that all these would be saved, when suddenly the wind came more from the west, and with it inevitable destruction to the whole business portion of Marquette, docks and all. Adams' and Fraser's row was soon a mass of lurid flame, but the splendid brick block of Burt Brothers stood the fire almost defiantly, till, surrounded on every side with the leaping flames, it yielded the contest, and naught now remains of the pride of Marquette but a heap of bricks and mortar. The fire ran out upon the long line of trestle work on the Lake Superior and Railroad Dock with the speed of a race horse. The propellers and vessels which were lying along side made their escape with great difficulty, and in fact the flames caught the bow of the propeller Cuyahoga and left its mark very plainly.

The fire spread to the north as far as Superior street, taking everything clean in its course. About 100 buildings were burned and over 50 business firms turned into the streets.

The severest sufferers are the Railroad Company, whose loss is variously estimated at from $250,000 to $500,000. Whatever may be their loss, we understand it is pretty well covered with insurance. Burt Brothers lose about $125,000 with $58,000 insurance.—Murray and Robbins lose from $60,000 to $70,000, and have only $9,000 insurance. H. H. Stafford & Co., $35,000, with $13,000 insurance; Jacob Frie $20,000, no insurance; Earle & Bro., $20,000, with $2,000 insurance; Machts & Gries, $10,000, no insurance; Wetmore & Bro. $10,000, partly insured. P. M. Everett, $20,000, on buildings, insurance unknown, as he is absent; Heineman & Bertzel $20,000, with 5,000 insurance; Cummings & Hungerford, hardware, $20,000, partly insured; Adams, Fraser & Cole, on buildings, $20,000, no insurance. There are a large number of other sufferers in various amounts, from $1,000 to $10,000, who will swell the aggregate to $1,000,000 or $1,250,000.

The Lake Superior and Railroad dock will be immediately rebuilt, and there is a general disposition manifest to go manfully to work and do everything that can be done under the circumstances. The inconvenience relative to shipping ore in the absence of the large docks, will be remedied to a considerable extent by trebling the working force on the Cleveland Company's dock, the only remaining one, and working day and night. This has already been done, and it is hoped to get off four vessels every 24 hours.

[Mr. Wells Burt, of this city, is a loser of several thousand dollars. He was an owner of one-thirteenth of the dock.—Ed.]

WE sympathize sincerely with the Democracy in their troubles. Up to this date they have not decided whether to nominate a Republican or a Democrat for President; whether they will stand on the platform of gold or greenbacks; whether their battle-cry will be "Universal Suffrage" or "A White Man's Government." Of course, Democratic principles are immutable—when they decide what they are.

FOUR years ago the progress of the Christian patriot was uttered in there words, "God, Grant Victory."

We have the Improved Gordon Press for Cards.

BEHOLD THE ADVENT

OF THE

UNAPPROACHABLE

SECOND ANNUAL TOUR IN AMERICA

—OF—

FOREPAUGH'S

GRAND MENAGREIE

—AND—

GIGANTIC CIRCUS.

ADAM FOREPAUGH, MANAGER & PROPRIETOR
W. H. SEARS, - - - - - - - - TREASURER
J. E. WARNER, - - - - - - - GENERAL AGENT

THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPETE Collection of

Rare, Curious and Fine Animals & Birds

Ever offered to the public, and the

BEST APPOINTED CIRCUS

In the World.

All the Menagerie and the Entire Circus Performance

Under one Immense Tent.—All for On Price.

SPECIAL CARD.—The public will find the Zoological and Ornithological Department **A Show in Itself**, more extensive than any in America, while **The Circus** will equal any which have hitherto been traveled through the country. It is not one of those Imaginary Consolidations with a few Minor Animals, a small number of Horses, and some Third Rate Mountebanks, but upon the contrary a

Great Enterprize!

All that is represented to Be and Advertised. Quite a Number of Living Creatures, specimens of which have never before been brought either to Europe or the United States, are included in the Collection. Among which are the

Sacred Double Humped White Camels; Cabiai Byra; S. A. Demon, or Man Destroyer of the Amazon; the War Elephant,

The Monster, "ROMEO,"

Tallest and Largest now in Captivity, and the

"BABY ANNIE,"

The First Calf Suckling, and only African Elephant ever brought here. This little but Perfectly Formed Creature, stands but 32 1-4 inches high, weighs but 420 pounds, and is but 19 months old;

The Largest and Smallest Elephants in the World

Are only to be seen in Forepaugh's Menagerie.

Royal Bengal Tigers; Black African Ostrich; New Holland Emues; Tapir, or South American Hippopotamus; Monster Cub Lion, "Young David;" Tartary Zebra; Arctic White Bear; King Vultures; Abyssinian Ibex; South American Grey Ostrich; Albino Peacocks; Axis Deer; Bison of Colorado; Bramaln Deified Cattle; Palatine Sheep

Are among the marked features, while in the Dens will be seen the

African Maned Lions and Lionesses; Senegal Leopards; Grizzly Bear; Four Asiatic Lion Cubs; South American Tigers; Spotted Laughing Hyenas; Silver Lion of California; North American Congars; Striped or Howling Hyenas; Lynx of Canada; Red Kangaroo of New Zealand, Llama, or Faithful Camel of the Andes; Ounces and Jacklas; Pugilistic Mammoth Kangaroo, African Porcupine; American Fallow Deer; Cashmere Goats; Wolves; Foxes; Civetas; Black Bears of Kansas; Chinese, Silver and Golden Pheasants; Camel and Dromedary from Arabia; Golden, Bald, Black and Brown Eagles; Wolverine; Badgers; Beavers; Apes; Monkeys and Babboons; Cockatoos; Swans; Pelicans; Powees; Storks; Herons; Parrots; Love Birds; Macaws, Paroquetts; Cream Lauras, constituting an

Aviary unequlled for Variety or Excellence.

PROF. A. J. FOREPAUGH.

Champion Animal Tamer of the World, Supreme Master of the Brute Creation, the coolest, most intrepid and daring of all the reputed LION KINGS, will enter the dens with the untamed Lions, Tigers, Leopards and Panthers, giving one of the most Interesting Sensational Exhibitions ever demonstrated by Mortal Man.

The Smallest Ponies Ever Seen,

Will be exhibited in the Miniature Handicap, and be rode by **Equestrian Apes and Agile Monkeys.**

THE WAR ELEPHANT, "ROMEO,"

Will be trained in the Circle, by the only person who can control his movement

MR. GEORGE FOREPAUGH.

THE ARENIC DISPLAYS will be rendered specially Novel and Imposing by the introduction of a complete Corps of

BARE BACK EQUESTRIANS AND EQUESTRIENNES,

Among whom who rank high in Activity and Skill is

MR. CHARLES LOWREY,

And the Infant Tiny Child Artist, MISS KATIE.

MAD'LLE ELIZA ZERN,

Emotional Equestrienne, from the Cirques Nationale, Paris.

MR. THOMAS KING,

A Model of Strength and Form, and one of the most pleasing of Artists will, with the Beautiful, Young and Gifted

MAD'LLE VIRGINIA,

Appear in the Magnificent Characters, Animated Tableaux, entitled the Flight of Incas and his Queen.

The Renowned STOKES FAMILY,

MR. S. Q. STOKES, MRS. EMMA STOKES, MISSES ELLA, EVA and KATIE, Equestrians and Equestriennes of acknowleged ability.

MONS. PERILLE,

Transformationist and Histrionic Artist.

MR. WILLIAM F. AYMAR,

A Clown of Reputation.

MR. JOHN BATCHELOR,

Lightning Horseman.

SANFORD & BROWN,

Gymnasts Extraordinary, in their Feats on the Vascilating Cords, and Bars, and New School of Parlor Gymnastics.

THE GYMNASTIC EXPLOITS,

Such as the Battoute Leaping, Vaulting, Tumbling and Ground Somersaulting will be found unusually exciting.

MR. T. KING'S TIGER LEAP,

Over a Drove of Horses, and the WILD BOUND OVER THE MONSTER ELEPHANT.

MR. JOHN REEVES,

Conversational Clown.

The Beautiful **Twin Arabian Trick Horses,**

WHITE CLOUD AND SNOW FLAKE,

Will be performed by their Trainer, S. Q. Stokes.

The Famous Southern Horse,

"TREDEGAR."

Introduced by Mrs. Emma Stokes.

MINNIE WARREN

The Smallest Performing Horse ever seen, will show her bringing up, under the control of Little ELLA STOKES.

School Horses, Comic Mules, Ponies, Monkeys, Dogs, &c., will all be presented in their usual order to vary the entertainment.

The whole of the Animals will be Fed Daily in the presence of the People.

A GORGEOUS STREET DISPLAY,

Made not only for effect, but to demonstrate the magnitude of the Circus and Menagerie, will be made each day at 10 o'clock, A. M., when 22 Superb Cages, painted in green and gold, with splendid Views, used to transport the Animals, and drawn by 150 Fine Draught Horses, Plumed, Decorated and Caparisoned will be paraded, preceded by the

COLLOSAL CAR OF THE CONQUEROR!

Containing

Prof. Eckhart's Silver Cornet Band,

And followed by the Finest Cavalcade of Circus Horses ever led through any portion of the world; each van ornamented with Ensigns, Banners of every country floating in the air, Standards of each nation, ying in the breeze. More real solid worth, representing a Capital of $300,000; a Procession a Mile Long; a closely drawn up line of material, will mark the Entree of the Gigantic Circus and Menagerie.

Admission to the Entire Show, both Menagerie and Circus

Adults - - - - - - - - - - 50 Cents
Children, under 10 years of age - 25 Cents

Two Performances Daily,
Afternoon at 2, Evening at 7 1-2 o'clock.
Doors open at 1 and 6 P. M.
Seats for Every One.

Will Exhibit at

YPSILANTI,

MONDAY, JUNE 29th, 1868.

New Advertisements.

The List System.

By means of Special Contracts with Publishers throughout the country we are enabled to offer to

ADVERTISERS

such terms as cannot fail to attract attention. A Circular containing full information in regard to the facilities we possess will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co.

Advertising Agents,

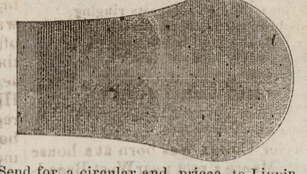
40 PARK ROW, N.Y.

Circular, Mill, Muley, Gang and Cross-Cut SAWS.

Every Saw that leaves our Factory is Oil Tempered and Patent Ground, *perfectly* true and even, and made of uniform temper by our patent tempering process.

AXES.

Common shape, as good as the best. The RED JACKET (Colburn's Patent) AXE cannot be excelled. We guaranty they will cut 25 per cent. more than common Axes, with less labor to the chopper.



Send for a circular and pricee to Lippincott & Bakewell, Pittsburgh, Pa., sole Manufacturers. For sale by principal Hardware Dealers.

The Health Reformer's Cook Book,

OR HOW TO PREPARE FOOD FROM GRAINS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, so that the food shall be healthy. Price 30 cts., postage paid. Address AUSTIN, JACKSON & CO., Dansville, N. Y.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of all persons, young or old, who are suffering from ASTHMA in any form. All such will please send their address to L. R. MORRIS & CO., Station D., Bible House, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

"THE BLUE COATS,

And how they Lived, Fought and Died for the Union, with Scenes and Incidents in the Great Rebellion." It contains over 100 fine Engravings and 500 pages, and is the spiciest and cheapest war book published. Price only $2 50 per copy. Send for circulars and our terms, and a full description of the work. Address JONES, BROTHERS & CO., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

MEDICAL ILLUMINATION!—

FOUR Magnificently Illuminated Medical Books, containing Important Physiological Information, for Men and Women, sent free on receipt of 25 cts., by addressing Dr. John Vanderpool, No. 30 Clinton Place, N. Y. City.

CRAWFORD'S Stump and Rock Extractor and Elevator perfected. Send for circular. A. Crawford, Warren, Mo.

WANTED—AGENTS.—$200 per month, the year round or a certainty of $500 to $1,000 per month to those having a little capital. We guaranty the above monthly salary to good active agents at their own homes. Every agent, farmer, gardner, planter and fruit grower, North and South, *should send at once for particulars*. Please call on or address J. AHEARN & CO., 63, Second St., Baltimore, Md.

Wanted, Agents, $75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the genuine improved common sense family sewing machine. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address Secomb & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

TO THE LADIES.

We are agents for ONE HUNDRED Foreign and Domestic Manufacturers, and are prepared to furnish the whole country with *DRY* and *FANCY GOODS, SILKS, SHAWLS, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, FURNITURE, PIANOS, SEWING MACHINES*, &c., &c., at the uniform price of

ONE DOLLAR FOR EACH ARTICLE.

Send your clubs of 10 and upwards, for descriptive checks, showing what article can be obtained for One Dollar, with 10 cents for each check.

Circulars Sent Free.

Presents worth from $3 to $400 sent free of charge to agents sending clubs.

Agents wanted in every town.

CUSHMAN & CO.,
10 Arch Street, Boston, Mass.

HAVE YOU TRIED TOWLE & CO'S

NONPARIEL DOLLAR SALE?

IF you have not, now is your time to secure the greatest bargains ever offered by any concern in the world. *Investigate this at once—it will pay.* All parties in the Dollar Sale business advertise to give the best bargains, best inducement to agents, &c. *But the Goods tell the story. The proof of the pudding is the eating.* Terms lower than the lowest. Circulars sent free. Address

TOWLE & CO.,
Tremont Row, Boston, Mass.

Proof of our statement that we have made

A COMPLETE

REVOLUTION

IN TRADE,

can be found in the fact that the immense business we have built up has induced a multitude of SMALL CONCERNS to imitate our club system, and some by advertising the presents they will give to agents, seek, unsuccessfully, to divert our business to themselves. We make this announcement simply to inform the public that it will be for their interest to patronize our house, as we still continue to give *better goods and greater inducements to agents than any other concern in the business.*

We sell every description of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, PLATED WARE, JEWELRY, WATCHES, SEWING MACHINES, &c., for the uniform price of ONE DOLLAR.

Circulars sent to any address free

PARKER & CO.,
Nos. 98 and 100 Summer St., Boston.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

AGENTS WANTED—For SHAW & FISK'S Pawnbroker's Sale, to whom great inducements are offered.

We will send you a Sewing Machine or Nice Dress free of Cost.

Give us a trial. Catalogues sent free.

SHAW & FISK,
P. O. Box 3178, Boston, Mass.

GREAT SALE

— OF —

DRY GOODS, CARPETINGS

Boots & Shoes,

SILVER PLATED WARE

OF ALL KINDS,

ALBUMS,

And a variety of valuable and useful articles for sale at

ONE DOLLAR FOR EACH ARTICLE

A Check describing an article selected from our Stock for sale at ONE DOLLAR, will be sent on the receipt of THREE CENTS to pay postage.

No charge for Schedules or Checks made at this establishment.

Send for Circulars, as this is the most liberal sale of the kind in the country. Address

FARNHAM & CO.,
No 24, Friend St., Boston, Mass.

HOW IS IT that ATWOOD BATES & CO., do send a Silk Dress Pattern, Gold Watch, Sewing Machine &c., to any one sending them a club in their Great One Dollar Sale of Dry and Fancy Goods. Circulars, giving full explanation and samples sent free. Address

ATWOOD, BATES & CO.,
P. O. Box 727,
No. 5 Lindall St., Boston, Mass.

WE ARE COMING!

And will present to any person sending us a Club in our Great

ONE DOLLAR SALE

OF

DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

A WATCH, PIECE OF SHEETING, DRESS PATTERNS, &c., &c.

FREE OF COST.

Our inducements during the past few years have been large.

We now Double our Rates of Premiums.

Our friends will readily notice our Presents for 30 and 60 Clubs are now more than equal in value to Clubs of 60 and 100 respectively of other firms.

PLEASE EXAMINE.

Any person ordering either of the Clubs mentioned below, can have their selections of premiums enumerated, corresponding to the size of the Club.

FREE OF ONE DOLLAR!

FOR a CLUB OF 30, [$3.]—One of the following articles, viz: Delain dress pattern; fancy colored bead spread; 100 view Turkey morocco album; 20 yards sheeting; striped cashmere delain dress pattern; honey comb quilt; all wool square shawl; set solid gold bosom studs; all wool fancy cashmere pants and vest pattern; gent's hair guard chain gold trimmings; silver plated chased butter dish; silver plated 5 bottle revolving castor, on feet; set superior steeled bladed knives and forks; worsted promenade shawl; ladies' long gold plated chain; ladies' gold double ring; gents' heavy chased solid gold ring; solid black walnut work box or writting desk; extra quality balmoral skirt; set jewelry, sleeve buttons to match; violin and bow; gent's cardigan jacket; splendid ebony Deflute, ivory trimmings; superior Turkey morrocco shopping bag; ladies' high cut balmoral boots.

FOR a club of 60 ($.)—One of the following articles, viz: Black or colored alpaca dress pattern; poplin dress pattern; one piece of bleached or brown sheeting; engraved, silver-platad, 6 bottle revolving castor; 3 1-2 yards superior cashmere for pants and vest pattern; extra heavy honey comb quilt; two fancy colored bed spreads; pair gent's calf boots; 4 yds. farmer's good wool frocking; fancy cashmere plaid dress pattern; best quality balmoral skirt; rosewood brass alarm clock; ladies' all wool cloak pattern; silverplated cake or card basked; for muff or cape; ladies' fashionable wool double shawl; splendid clasped family Bible, 9x12 record page and engravings; 3 yds. double width water proof cloaking; set ivory handle knives, with silver-plated forks; set silver forks; one set lace curtains.

FOR a Club of 100, ($10.)—One of the following articles, viz: 4 yds. double width cloaking or coating; 2 large, fine, bleached linen table covers, with 1 doz. large sized dinner napkins to match; twenty-five yards splendid hemp carpeting, good colors, extra quantity black or alpacca dress patterns; extra quality poplin dress patterns; 1 large pc. superior quality extra width sheeting; pair gent's calf boots best quality: silver hunting-cased patent lever watch; one dozen ivory handled steel bladed knives and forks; silverplated engraved six bottle revolving castor, with cut glass bottles; splendid violin, box and bow, complete; single barrel shot-gun; Bacon's six-barrel revolver; pair superior white wool blankets; nice fur muff and cape; silver-plated engraved ice pitcher, with salver; seven and one-half yards all wool fancy cassimere, for suit; one dozen Rogers' best silver-plated forks; common sense sewing and embroidering machine; two heavy honey comb quilts; splendid family Bible, record and photograph page.

For larger Clubs the value increases in the same ratio.

Catalogue of Goods and Sample sent to any address free. Send money by registered letter.

ALLEN, HAWES & CO.,
15 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

P. O. BOX C.
Wholesale Dealers in Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c. &c.

THE SECRET MONITOR, &

Guide to Health

300 *pages and* 120 *fine plates and engravings—price only* 50 *cents!*

A perfect safeguard against Quackery!

A reliable and practical pocket Treatise, by a physician who makes a speciality of these deseases, on the Secret Infirmities of the human system, such as Spermatorrhæa, Nervous and Sexual debility from early errors, Private Diseases, affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Varioccele, Female complaints, &c., with an improved system of treatment, *Without Mercury* by which one can cure himself. It is a guide to the Married and those contemplating Marriage, a warning to the young and a self-instructor for the unfortunate of both sexes. Mailed under seal, on receipt of 50 Cents. A 24 column Medical Journal on the above subjects, sent free. Address T. WILLIAMS & CO., Janesville, Wis. 217-1y

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Eastern District of Michigan, ss.

In the matter of Daniel D. Wallace and Edwin W. Wallace, bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Danlel D. Wallace and Edwin W. Wallace, of Saline, Washtenaw county and State of Michigan, within said District, who have been adjuged Bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said District, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1868.

WM. E. GORDON, Assignee,
Saline, Washtenaw Co. Mich.
June 4th, 1868. 223

The Ypsilanti Commercial.

Ypsilanti Mail Arrangements, June 1st

Mail closes East at 7:10 A. M.; 3:50 P. M.
do do West, do 8:20 A. M.
Saline, Daily Mail, closes at 9 1-4 A. M.
Belleville, Daily Mail, closes 9 1 4 A. M.
Monroe, Thursdays only, closes 9 1-4 A. M.
Lake Ridge, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, closes 9 1-4 A. M.
Office hours from 7 A. M., to 8 P. M.

D. B. GREENE, P. M.

Commercial

To clubs until Nov. 7,
5 copies, 2,50
10 " 4,00

LATE.—Changing our column rules and enlarging our paper to near two columns of reading matter makes us late this week.—Get up the clubs, roll in the subscriptions, and we will make you a paper worthy to be read.

PLEASE remember the lecture by Mr. Maltman at the Normal Hall this (Saturday) evening. "Andersonville" is the theme, and an interesting one.

UNAPPRECIATED TALENT IN YPSILANTI.—Our contemporary, in answer to the question "Who is Colfax?" says: He (Colfax) "never saw the day that he could make half as good a paper as the *Ypsilanti Sentinel*, in his life." "We should be ashamed to own that in *any* capacity in which we have seen Colfax act we could not do as well, in some better."—Comment is unnecessary. Surely a great prophet has lived in our midst, and we knew it not—a man who ought to have gone to Congress, but failed to get there through lack of appreciation—the cold neglect of his fellow citizens. The democratic party of this District will commit *the* "unpardonable sin" if they permit such a shining light to rest in obscurity any longer. How strange are the ways of Providence to man!

"Many a flower is born to blush and die unseen,
And waste its fragrance upon the desert air."

NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENTS.—If not *too late* we would like to compliment the *Lansing Republican* upon its improved appearance. The proprietors have shown good sense in casting off the quarto and assuming once more the folio. Our friend Bingham is doing full jnstice to the *Republican*. Located at the capital, occupying a central position, the *Republican* under its present management, wields a commanding influence.

The Detroit *Tribune* has donned a new dress and presents a nice appearance. Though near a half century old, it indicates the vivacity and freshness of youth. It is prepared to do efficient service the coming campaign.

NEW BOOKS—MOORE'S LIFE OF HON, SCHUYLER COLFAX,—T. B. Peterson & Blothers, No. 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelyhia, have in Press and will publish in a few days, "The Life of Hon. Schuyler Colfax," written by Rev. A. Y. Moore, of South Bend, Indiana, who was for twelve years, as pastor and friend in the entire confidence of Mr. Colfax, and had access to the files of the paper published by Mr. Cylfax for twelve years, and to the Congressional Globe; knows all his past history, and all whe have known him from boyhood. He began this biography two or three years ago, so that it is not one of the hurried and ephemeral publications so common in election years. Mr. Moore is a gentleman of fine talent and culture, and there is no doubt but that his biography of Colfax will be worthy of its distinguished subject.

The following letter from Mr. Colfax to Rev. A. Y. Moore will explain itself:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30, 1868.

"My Dear Mr. Moore:

"As your prediction of a year ago has been realized, I have no further objection to your publishing any sketch, more or less full, of my life, you nay have prepared. As you were for a dozen years a fellow townsman of mine, and a valued friend, I suppose you know as much about my history as the public would care about knowing; and although my engrossing duties here leave me no time to revise the manuscript, I have no fear that your work will not be a faithful one.

"Yours, Very Truly,
"SCHUYLER COLFAX.

"Rev. A. Y. Moore, South Bend, Indiana."

It willl be published in a large duodecimo volume of five hundred pages, printed from large type, and on the finest and best of white paper, with a portrait, on steel, of Mr. Colfax, executed by one of the first artists in the country, from photographs taken of Mr Colfax within the last week; the whole bound n cloth in the most substantial manner.—Price, $1,50 a copy, Canvassers wanted every where. Large discounts given. Copies will be sent to any one, at once, post paid on receipt of price, by the publishers.

UNION SEMINARY.

The fellowing is the general order of exercises for the closing week of the present school year:

On Wednesday, June 24, at 1½ o'clock P. M., in the Chapel, there will be declamations, recitations, and music by the pupils in the Primary and Intermediate departments. On this occasion, certificates of promotion will be given to those who have passed a satisfactory examination.

On Thursday, June 25, at 1½ o'clock P. M., there will be similar exercises by the pupils of the Grammar Department in Miss Wagener's room.

On Friday, June 26, at 10 o'clock A. M., will be the annual commencement of the Academic Department.

The following is a programme of examinations in this department.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19th.
9 A. M., Science of Geog., Labratory.
1½ P. M., Virgil, Library.

MONDAY, JUNE 22d.
9 A. M., Analysis, Young Men's Room.
" Eng. Lit., Young Ladie's Room.
1½P. M., Geometry, Labratory.
" Moral Science, Yonug Mn's R'm.
" German Read., " Lad. Room

TUESDAY, JUNE 23d.
9 A. M., Botany, Labratory.
" Cicero, Young Men's Room.
1½ P. M., Finishing Fr., Y. Ladie's Room.
" Greek Read., Y. Men's Room.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24th.
9 A. M., Natural Philosophy, Labratory.
" Finishing Ger., Y. Ladie's Room.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25th.
9 A. M., Geology, Labratory.
" Greek Prose, Library.

The public are respectfully invited to attend the various exercises of the week.

W. H. PAYNE, *Principal.*

CLOSING EXERCISES.—Wednesday, the 24th will be the Class Day of 1868 at the Union Seminary. The closing exercises will be given in the evening, and will consist of a History of the Class, a Poem, an Oration, a "Prophe [illegible]

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

MONDAY, June 15th, 1868.

May[illegible] in the chair.

Pre[illegible]—Ald. Bogardus, Durand, Dwight, Forsy[illegible], Gray, Guild, Heartt, Robbins, and Stuck.

PETITIONS PRESETTED.

From [illegible] S. Wilcox, asking the privilege of laying [illegible] walk crosswise in front of his lots, corner [illegible] Congress and River sts. Tabled.

From [illegible]. U. White; to be allowed to lay a water p[illegible] from the Flouring Mill to the Depot [illegible] Cross st. Granted.

Fro[illegible] B. C. Wright, for leave to erect wooden bui[illegible] for Coal House, near the Depot.—Refer[illegible] com. on Fire Dept.

Fro[illegible] J. Stowart and ot[illegible]s, asking that the gr[illegible] of Lowell st. be established, and side w[illegible] built on the west side thereof, as far north [illegible] st. Referred to com. on Sidewalks.

Fro[illegible] Daniel Kellogg and others, asking [illegible]ossing be laid on Ballard st., from [illegible]logg's lot, to lot of Rev. Mr. Foote.—Table[illegible] pending a resolution.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

Fro[illegible] Auditor—approved claims of J. W. Babbi[illegible] M. D., ser. Bd. of Health 6 days, $12
Edwa[illegible] Lawell, M. D. " " 12

Fro[illegible] City Attorney.

Respectfully report: that as to the right of the Pl[illegible]k Road Co. to abandon that portion of the r[illegible] in which Congress st. Bridge is located, he is in doubt; as there are no Statutory p[illegible]ions, or Judicial decisions to settle the qu[illegible].

That [illegible] to the legality of the claim of J. P. McKi[illegible], for improvements on South public square, he reports adversely to the rights of claima[illegible], and that the city are not legally bound to pay the same.

Adopted and placed on file.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

From com. on Salaries.

Recommending that the present salaries of city offi[illegible] be continued, except that the salary of Clerk be increased to three hundred dollars per annum. On motion of Ald. Dwight report accepted and adopted, as the rate of salaries for the coming year.

CLAIMS PRESENTED.

Chicag[illegible] *Times* pub. "Bridge proposals," $30,00
" *Tribune* " " 25,00
Detroit *Post* " " 11,25
" *Free Press* " " 11,25

Refe[illegible] to Auditor.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald Forsyth:

Resolved, That Simeon Rowley be allowed to occupy a part of Congress st., with building material

Carried.

By the same:

Resolved, That two members of this council be adde[illegible] com. on Bridges.

Carried—and his Hon. names as such members, Ald. Bogardus and Gray.

By Ald. Heartt:

Resolved, That the Marshal be and is hereby orde[illegible] to cause two plank crossings, each 4 ft. in width, to be constructed on the south side of Cross st.; one at the intersection of Park st. and one at the intersection of Grove st., on the established grade.

Carried.

By Ald. Dwight:

Resolved, That the Marshal be instructed to procure a bedstead and mattress with necessary covering, for the use of the sell in the Lock-up.

Carried unanimously.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Marshal be and is hereby ordered to cause a sidewalk, 4 ft. in width, to be constructed on the east side of Hamilton st., from the property of John Kennedy south to the alley, the property of John Lowry, on the proper grade, within twenty days after this date, June 15th, 1868.

Adopted.

By Ald. Guild:

Resolved, That J. W. Flower be allowed to place on grade and repair the west half of his sidewalk on the north side of Pearl st.

Carried.

By the same:

Resolved, That E. C. Jenner be allowed to place on grade and repair his sidewalk on south side of Ellis st.

Carried

By Ald. Gray:

Resolved, That the Marshal be and is hereby ordered to cause a sidewalk 4 ft in width to be constructed on the west side of Perrin st., from Ellis st. to Cross st., on the established grade, within 30 days after this date, June 15th, 1868.

And if any person before whose premises such walk is hereby ordered, shall neglect or refuse to construct such walk within the time her by named, then it shall be the duty of the Marshal to employ some other person to construct the same and report the cost thereof to this council for assessment against the property with ten per cent. additional.

Carried.

By Ald Guild:

Resolved, That the Marshal be and is hereby ordered to construct a plank crossing, 4 ft. wide, on the west side of Ballard st., across Ellis st.

Ald. Stuck amended by adding, "and a sidewalk 4 ft. wide on the west side of Ballard st., between Ellis and Pearl sts., on the proper grade."

Adopted as amended.

By Ald. Stuck:

Resolved, That the Clerk be instructed to draw orders on the general fund for the payment of the labor in boring an artesian well; provided said bills do not exceed the amount rated for that purpose.

Carried by the following vote: Ayes—Ald. Bogardus, Dwight, Forsyth, Gray, Guild, Robbins and Stuck—7. Nays: Ald. Durand and Heartt 2

On motion adjourned till June 22d, 1868.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, City Cl'k.

YPSILANTI BRASS BAND.—Yesterday the Band came out with their new wagon.—It is a nice affair. Two span of fine horses were hitched to the wagon, decorated with plumes. The Band serenaded around town. We thank the Band for serenading the COMMERCIAL office, giving the appropriate tune, "Hail to the Chief." Our toast—"May the shadows of the Ypsilanti Brass Band boys never grow less."

Next week we will give a history of the organization of the Band and names composing it, description of wagon, instruments, cost. &c.

FESTIVAL.—Lovers of Strawberries and Ice Cream, water your mouths for the splendid festival at Hewitt Hall, Friday evening next, the 26th. The tables will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season. And what is better news, the Ypsilanti Brass Band will be in attendance to discourse rare and sweet music. The Festival is for the benefit of the Presbyterian Sabbath School Library. Go, by all means, and make the most that you can of the delicious treats afforded this June month.

GOOD TEMPLAR HALL,
Ann Arbor, June 17, 1868.

Pursuant to a call of D. McIntire Esq. D. G. W. C. T. delegates from the respective lodges of Washtinaw County met as recommended by the grand lodge I. O. O. I. of Michigan to organize a district lodge.

The Convention was called to order by Mr. McIntire and the neccessary officers protem, appointed. The morning session was occupied in the appointment of committees, discussion of the object of the organization and the usual routine of business.

After very earnest and appropriate remarks by Mrs McAndrows and others upon the necessi ice and dudies of the order the convention adjourned until two o'clock.

2 o'clock P. *M.*

The delegates from abroad having been hospitatly entertained during the recess, by the generous I. O. G. D. of Ann Arbor, again met and were called to order by Mr. McIntire.

After the reading of minutes of the morning session the report of com on permanent organization was called for, read and accepted and its resolutions separately considered and adopted as follows.

Res. 1st. That a district lodge be organized in conformity with the recomendation of the grand lodge of *Mich.*, at its last annual session, the jurisdiction of which shall be the County of Washtenaw.

Resolution 2nd. That its name shall be the Washtenaw Degree Lodge.

Res. 3rd. That the officers, and their duties, shall be the same as in the Degree Temple.

4th That all full degree templars shall be eligible to seats in this district lodge.

5th That it shall be governed by the degree constitution by-laws and rules of order until others are furnished by the grand lodge.

6th That its regular sessions shall be held on the second Wenesday of each quarter at ten o'clock A. M. unless otherwise ordered by the lodge, and at such places as may from time to time by the lodge be designated.

7th The term of office shall be three months or until others are elected.

8th The Constitution and by laws may be altered or amended by a two thirds vote at any regular meeting.

The Officers elected for the present quarter are

D. McIntire, ... D. D. O.
Mrs. A. McAndrews ..... D. D. V. O.
A. F. Wilcox, ... D. D. Secy.
O. Carpenter, ... D. D. Treas.
J. F. Geil ..... D. D. Sent.
Mrs. A. Hull ..... D. D. Gd.
V. Gillett ..... D. D. P. *M*

The following are the appointments for the quarter:

P. Clark, D. D. *M.*, Mrs. Crippen, A. D. D. M., H. Crippen, D. D. C. A. Arksey, D. D. F. Secy. Miss. Carpenter, R. H. S. Mrs. Geil, L. H. S.

The following report from the Committee on Order of Business was accepted and its resolutions seperately adopted.

Res. 1st. That the obligation "in all honorable ways to discountenance the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and to do all in our power to advance the cause of temperance" is binding upon them as good templars, and that they wish all christians and good citizens should withhold their patronage enconragement and support from all merchants, grocers, citizens and other persons who persistently use or trafic in such liquors as a beverage or encourage others in so doing. And that we will preach and practice this doctrine at all times as one of the most efficient means of promoting the cause of temperancee and advancing the interest of our citizens.

2d. That the laws of this State to prevent the sale of intoxicating drinks to students and minors, and to prevent their being permitted to play at games of chance where such drinks are sold, should be enforced throughout this State.

3d. That the laws known as the prohibitory liquor laws, should be enforced wherever they can be, and that as an efficient means to accomplish this, we advise prosecutions to be commenced first in towns where there is the least liquor sold and where fair trials may be had before honest, impartial farmers.

4th. That it is the duty of all Good Templars so to exercise the elective franchise that the influence of their ballots may always be in favor of temperance.

The following special resolutions were carried by unanimous vote:

Resolved, That the subordinate lodges of this county be requested to appoint committees to secure speakers and hold temperance meetings in their jurisdiction.

Resolved, That all subordinate lodges of this county be requested to have the above resolutions read in open lodge.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to forward a copy of the poceedings of this convention to the *Peninsular Herald* and to the several papers of this county for publication.

Res. That when this lodge adjourn, it be to convence at Ypsilanti on the second Wenesday of the next quarter.

The lodge was then closed in due form.

Though comparatively few of the lodges were represented, and those but partially, the meeting proved exceedingly interesting, and we do not hesitate to say that no one regreted being present. The Grand lodge at its last session authorized subordinate lodge to elect, each five delegates to the county lodges at their regular quarterly elections, and as this district lodge is now permanently organized we hope to see *every lodge* of the county fully represented at Ypsilanti on the 12 of August next.

A. F. WILCOX, Secy.

YPSILANTI HORSE FAIR.—July 3d and 4th, the Stock and Agricultural Association of this City, will hold a Horse Fair on their fine grounds. In our next issue we will give the premium list and rules of the association.

Next Thursday, June 25th, Eagle Grey and Victor Hugo are to be matched in a race; also Elkhart, of Jackson, and Frank Rolf, of Detroit. The stock is in first class condition.

ANY ONE contemplating advertising should read the card in another column of Messrs. GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., Advertisiug Agents, 40 Park ROW, New York. This establishment is perhaps the most extensive one of the kind in the United States, and the very large business they control enables them to secure for their customers most important advantages.

WHITE GOODS, Swiss, India, Book, and Plaid muslin, jaconetts, brilliants, victoria and bishop lawns, white mohairs, poplins piques, and a laage stock of other goods for dresses, suits and capes, at

J. W. JOHNSTON & CO.,
at the Depot,

MANY people resort to a Dye because they have never used "Barrett's Hair Restorative." Try this, and you will never want to Die, (Dye).

REAL LAMA Lace Point Shawls; also black and fancy silks, for sacques and dresses.

J. W. JOHNSTON & CO.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article, superior to Cologne and at half the price.

A HAIR Restorative and Dressing has for a twelvemonth been combined in that superior Preparation now widely known as "Barrett's Hair Restorative." 224-2w

Successful but of Superior merit. Mrs S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.* Every Druggist sells it Price one dollar. 224-2w.

"And better had they ne'er been born
Who read to doubt or read to scorn."

May be said of those who doubt the efficacy of Poland's White Pine Compound in al diseases for which it is recommended. Read the advertisement.

—COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE will immediately relieve and permanently cure the most aggravated case of Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Sour Stomach, Constipation, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels. Physicians, clergymen, and all who use it, join in unbounded praise of its great virtues. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1. 217-1y

COE'S COUGH BALSAM, the great popular Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough and Consumption. In connection with the ordinary 4 oz. size, Coe's Cough Balsam is now put up in MAMMOTH FAMILY BOTTLES, giving twice the amount of medicine given by any others for $1. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicines. No family should be over night without it in the house. 217-1y

Wonder if Pattison would like some money on subscription about these days?

If you want Cards our Gordon will do them up in good style.

YPSILANTI MARKET REPORT.

YPSILANTI, June 20, 1868.

Wheat	2 30	Beans	428@450
Oats	63	Barley	400@420
Corn in Ear	50	Potatoes	80@85
" shelled	85	Rye	110@130
Butter	18	Wool	30@40
Eggs	12	Dried Apples	7@8

GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM

POST & CO.,

Have just brought on from New York a

SMASHING STOCK

—OF—

CLOTHING!

Don't fail to walk up stairs and see the

PILE OF GOODS!

The shelves and counters on the first floor are literally

PILED TO REPLETION

—WITH—

Drees Goods,

for the benefit of the

LADIES.

Goods Pretty, Durable and Cheap, at

POST & Co's,

224 OLD STAND.

BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. OVER ALL COMPETITORS. BARRETT'S Vegetable HAIR RESTORATIVE Was decided by the N. H. State Fair and is now conceded by the public to be the very best Preparation for Restoring Gray or faded Hair to its original color; promoting its Growth, eradicating Humors and Dandruff, and for Dressing and Beautifying the Hair. It is free from poisonous drugs, does not stain the finest fabric, and leaves the Scalp CLEAN, the Hair RICH, and GLOSSY. THE ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED. Every Bottle Warranted.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.

MORTGAGE SALE. — Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 18th day of August, A. D. 1865, made and executed by George McCoy and Milla McCoy, his wife, of Ypsilanti, Michigan, to Charles B. Goodrich, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 29th day of November, 1865, at 10½ o'clock A. M., in liber 34 of mortgages, on page 325, and assigned by said Goodrich to Asa Rice, on the 29th day of April 1867, and assignment recorded in said Register's office for Washtenaw county, May 7th, 1867, at 12 o'clock M., in Liber 1 of assignment of mortgages, on page 374, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage became operative, and no suit or proceeding at law or in Chancery having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, and the sum of one hundred and sixty-nine and twenty-nine one hundredths dollars, principal and interest, being now claimed to be due on said mortgage, and an attorneys fee of twenty-five dollars, as stipulated therein

Notice is therefore hereby give that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, to-wit: That parcel of land described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of a piece of land deeded to James Norris by Joseph Peck and wife, running thence north along the west bounds of River street, city of Ypsilanti, Michigan, four rods; thence west ten rods; thence south four rods; thence east ten rods to the place of beginning, and now occupied by said McCoy, at public auction, at the south door of the Washtenaw county Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said county) on Monday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Dated Ypsilanti, April 3. 1868.

WILLIAM H. RICE,
Executor of Asa Rice, assignee of mortgage, deceased.

D. B. GREENE, Attorney.

TO THE LADIES.
FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

We are selling Silks, Shawls, Dry and Fancy Goods of every description, also, Silver Ware, Furniture, &c. Valuable Presents, from $3 to $500, sent free of charge to agents sending clubs of ten and upwards. Circulars sent free to any address.

WYETH & Co.
Successors to MESSENGER & Co.,
45 hanover St., Boston, Mass.
P. O. Box, 2931. 6m217

HOLMES & JENNESS,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE AGENTs!

—o—

FIRE COMPANIES.

Phenix Insurance Co., Capital $1,000,000,
Detroit Fire and Marine, " 500,000,
Putnam, Hartford, " 500,000,

—o—

Persons desirous of purchasing Real Estate, will make money by calling on us as we have a large amount of property for sale, and belonging to persons *anxious to sell.* Here are a few only.

FARMS.

No. 234. Farm of 60 acres, 5 miles south of Ypsiland, good house and barn, orchard, and well watered.

No. 206. Farm of 125 acres, 3 miles west of Ypsilanti.

No. 110. Farm of 80 acres, 20 acres timber. Good buildings and orchard, and well watered, 6 miles south of Ypsilanti.

No. 227. Farm of 40 acres in Ypsilanti. Good buildings, orchard, and 10 acres timber.

CITY PROPERTY FROM $1000 to $2000.

No 240. House and lot on Emmitt street, house, *new.*

No. 217. 4 acres of choice land with new buildings just outside the city limits.

No. 211. House and lot on Mill street near Depot.

No. 233. House and lot on Huron street near the Seminary, less than $1000.

No. 88. House and lot on Forrest Avenue less than $1000.

From $2000 to $3000.

No. 124. House and lot on corner of Washington and Pearl streets.

No. 160. House and lots on Mill street. Plenty fruit.

No. 116½. House and lot on Forrest Avenue, house new.

No. 15. Gothic house and splendid situation on Forrest Avenue.

No. 18. House and lots on Hamilton street.

No. 107. House and lot on Cross street, near Depot.

No. 121. House and lot on River street.

No. 289. New house and lot on Huron street.

$3000 upwards.

No. 12 9 acres with good buildings and fruit, just on the corporation line east.

No. 122. Brick house and lot on Washington street.

No. 180. 10 acres choice land, gothic house and plenty of fruit, Forrest Avenue.

No. 182. A fine residence on Washington street.

No. 116. Gothic house with 4 acres of land, Forrest Avenue.

Choice lands from 5 to 20 acres in lots to suit purchasers on the plain just out of the city limits. 220-1y.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED.

People will buy goods where

GOODS ARE SOLD CHEAP.

LAMBIE

Has gone east for another stock of

DRY GOODS!

Summer Clothing, Hats, Carpets,

GROCERIES

Stock kept full. Goods sold cheap. That's what tells.

WOOL TWINE

Large lot for sale cheap.

G. M. VAIL

Will be pleased to see ladies and gentlemen at his

RESTAURANT,

where he will do his best to serve up to them

Oysters in Every Style.

FARMERS can get a good lunch, including TEA AND COFFEE, at G. M. VAIL'S, any hour of the day.

Plain and Fancy

CONFECTIONERY

on hand at all times. Also, Bread, Cakes, Crackers, and Fancy Groceries. Foote of Congress Street.

A large assortment of

TOYS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

G. M. VAIL.

199

IN BUSINESS AGAIN.

Mr. Wm. Densmore returns thanks to the community, and especially to business men for past favors. He would announce that he is prepared with a double team and dray to give his services in moving goods and furniture. Especial care taken in moving Pianos, etc. He will be prompt and careful.

216-tf WM. DENSMORE.

LOOK HERE!

MRS. J. HENCHELL'S

CLOTHE CLEANING REPAIRING ESTABLIHM'T

On Washington St., near Congress.

Is the place to get Ladie's and Gent's Clothing of all kinds fixed up and renovated.

Your patronage is respectfully invited

130 1-qr

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases

OF THE

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

—o—

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from Alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, etc., is very apt to be deranged. The result of which is, that the patient suffers from Nervous Debility, have its functions of which is, that the want of nervous action in the system, and a host of other evils, will soon follow, unless the proper remedy is used. The following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole System, the Appetite is Strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

TONIC.

It is a well established fact that only one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters' is in diseases of the great benefit in disease of the liver, stomach, and other digestive organs, and in cases of great debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson.

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

"I consider Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable* preparation in cases of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I especially that from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS,
German Druggist, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle $1 00
" " " half dozen 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, 1 50
" per bottle, or a half dozen for 7 50

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING MATERIAL AND BUILDING BRIDGE.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
YPSILANTI, Mich., June 4th, 1868.

Sealed proposals with specifications for furnishing [illegible] and building a bridge across [illegible] as herein[illegible] received at this office, [illegible] June inst. at which time [illegible] opened.

P[illegible] will be received [illegible] building as follows:

[illegible] bridge, 140 [illegible] carriage way, [illegible] with railing be[illegible] supported by [illegible] and one abutment at [illegible] carriageway and walks, [illegible] the abutments to be built to [illegible] the bridge.

[illegible] on bridge of same [illegible] in the same manner, except that [illegible] built to the required [illegible] of the city.

Third. [illegible] for building *either* bridge, [illegible] by proposals of price per cubic [illegible] building both *pier and abutments of cut stone;* and *pier of cut stone and abutments of wood*—the wooden abutments to be of [illegible] timber and not less than 12 inches square. The present depth of water at where the pier will stand, being about 10 feet, and where butments will be placed, 6 ft.; the whole bottom being a solid coarse gravel.

Fourth. Proposals will also be received separately for building either an iron or wooden bridge; and the building of either pier and abutments of cut stone, or pier of stone and abutments of wood.

Fifth. All proposals to state the time required to finish the structure proposed, and to be directed to The Office of the City Clerk, Ypsilanti, Michigan, and must be endorsed, "Proposals for Building Bridge."

The contract will be awarded to the person making the lowest bid, who will give sureties for the performance of the contract in the full amount, whose responsibility is certified to satisfactorily; however reserving the right to reject any or all proposals. 223-3w.

ONE OF THE CHEAPEST PLACES IN MICHIGAN

TO BUY

DRY-GOODS!

IS AT

A. WILLIAM'

Who has just returned from New York with his second entire new stock this spring. You can find one of the finest and best selected stocks of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

ever brought to this city. Also CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, which we make to order in fine style; in fact you can find anything usually kept in a Dry Goods store. Also

Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths.

No attention paid to the cost of goods, but strictest conformity to the lowest market prices will be our rule. We are determined to convince the public that we don't intend to be beaten in LOW PRICES.

Fair Dealing and Good Goods Cheap is Our Motto

A. WILLIAMS.

NEW FIRM!

AND

LOW PRICES!

Smith and Converse

From the old stand of Smith Brothers, to the people of Ypsilanti, and the rest of mankind, send greeting:

They take pleasure in announcing to the public, that notwithstanding the change of base, their communication remains unbroken, and they are every day receiving new supplies. Their store is fuller than ever, and the proprietors are determined that their store shall be the best place in town to buy any of the following goods, besides many others that cannot be enumerated. Call and see their splendid stock of

WALL PAPERS

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN FIXTURES,

BOOKS,

AND

STATIONERY,

TOYS, PERFUMERY,

Combs, Brushes, Soaps, &c.

Their stock of

DRUGS,

RIP VAN WINKLE,

wa ing up from his nap of twenty years, if he could only have moistened his

WITHERED LOCKS

with Cristadoro's Dye, would have looked like

A YOUNG MAN

again. Marvelous, indeed, is the effect of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE

in rejuvenating gray-haired humanity. Why yield to time when you can baffle him! Manufactured by J. Cristadoro, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. 224-4w

FOR SALE.

A First Class Single Carriage,

One of Batcheider & McIntosh's manufacture. Nearly new. Can use two seats or one Also a good single harness, nearly new. Inquire at the COMMERCIAL office.

FOR SALE.

OUR PLEASANT RESIDENCE,

ON HAMILTON ST.

—ALSO—

A Single Buggy and Harness,
A Good Cow,
Cook and Parlor Stoves,

and some other articles.

n224- f C. E. HEWITT.

CARD.

C. L. Yost, auctioneer, experienced in selling farm stock, and other property, furniture &c. Ready to meet all calls at the harness shop of Yost & Co., north side Congress street. 18

McANDREW'S COLUMN.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

AT

McANDREW'S.

—o—

We would say to our friends that we have rented the second floor of the Gilman Davis Store adjacent to our Ware Rooms in order to make room for the largest and most complete assortment of fine and elegant

FURNITURE !

Ever offered to the citizens of Ypsilanti. We shall have the very latest styles of every description of goods in our line direct from New York and Boston. In order to make room for his mammoth stock, we shall offer

GREAT BARGAINS

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS !

—o—

We intend to keep a full assortment of bedding, including feather beds, pure hair mattresses, pillows, sheets, blankets, quilts, comforters, ticks &c. &c., also the duplex mirrors for ladies toilet bureaus.

—o—

Look at our Prices.

Parlor Suits,	$75,00
Parlor Suits,—Green Rep. or Terry,	100,00
Bed Room Suits,	45,00
Sofas,	22,00
Hair Cloth Rocking Chairs,	10,00
Pure Hair Mattresses,	25,00
Prime live Geese Feathers. pr lb,	1,00
One half prime Geese Feathers,	80
Spring Bottoms,	4,0
Bureaus,	10,00
Common Bedsteads,	3.00
Cottage Bedsteads,	3,00
Round Corner Bedstead,	5,50
Flag Seat Chairs,	3,50
Cane Seat Chairs,	3,50
Wood Seat Chairs,	4,00
Walnut Breakfast Tables,	4,00
Husk Mattress,	6,00
Oval Picture Frames,	50
Mirrors, all sizes, 25c to	100,00

—o—

We pay particular attention to our

UNDERTAKING BUSINESS.

We keep a large stock of Coffins, Caskets and Burial Cases. Upholstering and Repairing at all times by skillful Workmen. Cane seat Chairs re-seated. Reed Seats in old Flag Chairs. Please call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

50,000 feet of Walnut lumber wanted.

McAndrew, Clark & Wallace,

Ypsilanti, May 16th, 1868 220-1y.

FROST & WHELDON

DRUGGISTS,

CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

(Between Boyce & Cole's Shoe Store, and Henderson & Glover's)

HURON STREET, YPSILANTI

PRESCRIPTIONS carefully prepared at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

DRUGS, Medicines, and Chemicals at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

HAIR Oils, Pomades and Cosmetics, at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

HANDKERCHIEF Extracts, Cologines, and Bay Rum, at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

COMBS, Toilet Brushes of every description. at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

TOILET Soaps of every description, at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

TRUSESS, Supporters, and Shoulde BraceSaces, FROST & WHEDON'S

—o—

PATENT Medicines, Hai Restoatives, and Hair Dyes, at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

CHOICE Cigas, at FROST & WHEDON'S.

—o—

CALL at FROST & WHEDON'S.

97

LUMBER YARD

PARSONS BROS.,

DEALERS IN

All Kinds of Pine Lumber!

TIMBER,

SCANTLING,

BARN BOARDS,

JOIST, FENCING,

DRESSED FLOORING,

DRESSED SIDING,

DRESSED CEILING,

DRESSED FINISHING

Shingles, Lath, Posts, &c., &c.

Everything usually kept in their line Long, or other timber, furnished on short notice,

YARD, SOUTH End of River Street,

Ypsilanti, Mich. 166

The Last Crowning Success.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

IMPROVED

HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

For Sale by all Druggists,

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR

A Lecture to Young Men.

Just published, in a sealed envelope. Price 6 cents.

A lecture on the nature, treatment, and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse; Involuntary Emmissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," etc.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials—pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of 6 cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also, DR. CULVERWELL'S "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

Address

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 4586.
222 3m

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Bassett & Wanzer was dissolved on the first day of the 4th month, [April] last, by mutual consent.

Ypsilanti, 6th month, 4th, 1868.

N. H. BASSETT,
n223 JOHN WANZER.

Great United States Tea Warehouse

OF

T. Y. KELLEY & CO,

30 VESEY STREET, N. Y.

Are now supplying families throughout the United States with Teas, thereby saving the system of clubs and their regular appointed agents, at a slight advance on cargo prices, and guaranteeing their Teas to be pure and fresh, and also to give entire satisfaction, or they can be returned and the money refunded.

The advantage of buying Teas from our Warehouse is: you save the various profits of Speculators, Brokers, Wholesale Tea Merchants, Jobbers, Wholesale Grocers and Retailers, which in the aggregate, amount to from 50 cents to $1.00 per pound, and also are sure of getting the same quality and standard every time.

Our standard goods all bear our Trade Mark on the bags, and no others are genuine. Parties will please bear this mind, as our great success has induced some unprincipled parties in New Yook, Boston, and other places to imitate our style of putting up good sa snear as they dare to—to entrap the unwary,

PRICE LIST.

OOLONG, [Black] 60, 70, 80, 90, $1.00 per lb., Best.
MIXED, [Green and Black] 60, 70, 80, 90, $1.00 per lb., Best.
YOUNG HYSON, [Green] 60, 70, 80, 90 $1.00, $1.10, $125 per lb., Best.
IMPERIAL, [Green] 90, $1.00, $1.25.
ENG. BREAKFAST, [Black] 70, 80, 90 $1.00, $1.10, $1.20, Best.
JAPAN, 90, $1.00, $1,25 per lb.
GUNPOWDER, $1.25, $1.50 per lb.

We are Sole Importers of the famous

Shantung Moyune Young Hyson and Kiangsi Oolong Teas.

These Teas take their name from the districts in which they are grown, and being the finest productions of China, are used almost exclusively by the Imperial Court and High State Officers. They are put up in the *unique* and beautiful style of the Chinese in one pound packages, and we will sell them in the original packages at cargo prices; the Hyson at $1.60; the Oolong at $1.30. We imported the first invoice that has reached this country and have effected arrangements through out agents in China to receive them regular hereafter.

FANCY BRANDS.

Having had many calls from our trade for a fancy brand of Oolong and Young Hyson Teas, we have been induced to put up in one pound sealed packages a fancy flavored NING YONG OOLONG and NANKIN MOYUNE YOUNG HYSON, which we are offering at $1.25 per pound for Oolong and $1.50 for Young Hyson. The only advantage these Teas possess over our regular styles is the fancy flavor.

A NOVELTY IN TEAS.

Teas sixty days from Japan.

We are now receiving Uncolored Japan Teas by way of Pacific Mail Steam Ship Co.'s new route, direct from *Yokakoma via San Francisco.* Put up for us in Japan in one pound papers. The usual time allowed for a cargo of Teas from Japan is one year and a half, but American enterprise has enabled us to offer to our customers, Japan Teas as fresh as the natives themselves can procure them. Owing to the heavy freights, we are obliged to charge $1.40 per pound.

GROUND COFFEES.

PURE RIO. 20, 25 and 30 cents per pound.
BEST OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, 40 cents per pound.
ROYAL CLUB—Extra fine—35 cents.

In order to meet the demands of the people of Ypsilanti and vicinity we have appointed Smith Bros. agents for the sale of our Teas and Coffees. All goods are put up by ourselves in one pound packages at our Warehouse in New York and retailed at Ypsilanti by Smith Bros. at a small advance of 5 cents a pound over our New York prices. This brings our goods at the prices they can be purchased over our counters, with the freight added. We solicit a fair and thorough trial.
104-6m.

GO TO KINGSBURY'S,

AT THE DEPOT,

Where you will find

SCHOOL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, TOILET GOODS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, LAMP SHADES, CURTAINS and BORDERS

BRUSHES and COMBS

Drugs and Medicines!!

PAINT, OILS and GLASS!

A sortment of WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Also, a general assortment of fancy goods and Toys

CHEAP FOR CASH.

PUMPS, PUMPS.

THE CELEBRATED

CUCUMBER PUMPS!

Proof against decay, and highly Preservative of the purity of the water, will be furnished CHEAP, and promptly by the Subscriber, on application. For excellency and durability they are unrivalled.

Apply to the Subscriber, on Cross Street, East of the Depot,

W. C. TINNEY.

Ypsilanti, June 29th, 1867. 17

ALL SHOULD GO TO

J. L. STONE'S NEW TOBACCO STORE,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

FOR TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS,

And every article in the Trade. It is a First Class place. BRANCH STORE at the depot. 190

To the Ladies of Ypsilanti,

—o—

At Mrs. Maynes, (the Cottage Store,) you will find new styled Hats and Bonnets, French English and Persian Flowers, Embroiderys and Laces of the finest quality, combined with a full stock of Zephyrs Worsted.

Also stamping done on shortest notice.

Please except my thanks for past patronage. m3215 MRS. C. MAYNE.

Our Candidates.

GEN. U. S. GRANT.

Eight years ago, when a Republican Convention at Chicago nominated Abraham Lincoln, a man not altogether unknown, and wherever known respected, the country was taken by surprise, but rallied to his support as no old favorite had ever been supported, and in the terrible years that followed gave him a place in the popular heart never accorded to any one except Washington. Now the country is not only not surprised at, but actually demands the nomination of a man then living at Galena, whose name the people had never heard when they called Lincoln from his quiet home at Springfield. Both Western men, and both residents of Illinois, though born, the one in Kentucky and the other in Ohio, they were nominated for the first office in the people's gift by National Conventions held in the metropolis of their adopted State. Lincoln had a mission to perform, and the Convention of 1860 called him forth to perform it; Grant has that work to complete, and the Convention of 1868 asks him to complete it. His record in the past shows the singleness of purpose with which he will pursue the task allotted to him in the future.

Ulysses S. Grant was born April 27, 1822, at Point Pleasant, Clermont County, Ohio. Like Lincoln, his early intellectual advantages were of the most ordinary kind, but he was enabled to educate himself sufficiently to enter the Military Acadamy at West Point, to which he was fortunate in procuring a cadetship, though at the expense of his name, Hiram Ulysses which was given him in infancy for the one by which he has become known all over the world. If the clerical blunder which inscribed him Ulysses S. could not be erased from the record of the Academa, neither can the name be blotted from the scroll of honorable history. He graduated in 1843, and was breveted 2d Lieut. in the 4th Infantry. He served through the Mexican war receiving brevets of First Lieutenant and Captain for meritorious conduct at the battle of Molina del Rey and Chepultepec. After the war with Mexico he continued in the army for a few years, and while serving in Oregon in 1852, was promoted to a captaincy. The next year he resigned, going into business at St. Louis, and in 1859 he removed to Galena, Ill., where he was conducting an extensive tannery when the late war broke out. Capt. Grant was among the first to offer his services to the Government, and was given command of a regiment by the Governor of Illinois, with which he went into active service in Missouri. It was not long until he was appointed a Brigadier-General of volunteers (August., 1861), and assigned to the command of the District of Cairo.

The unfortunate battle of Bull Run and the varying fortunes in the South-West had a depressing effect upon the country, and the people were willing to take a leader on trust if he would only come heralded with a victory, however insignificant. Rich Mountain gave McClellan command of the armies of the United States; the unfortuntet expedition to Belmont doomed Grant to comparative obscurity at Cairo, until near the close of the first year of the war. Then the brilliant victories of Fort Donelson, and Pittsburg Landing, the first of any significance gained by a Union army, could do little for him, and while the former made him a Major-General, the latter deprived him of a command. All eyes were turned toward the Grand Army of the Poto-Mac in anticipation of the great things it would accomplish when its leader chose to move upon Lee at Manassas; and decisive actions upon the Cumberland and the Tennessee were considered, while people were amused with promises never to be realized, and kept in constant expectation by assurances that all was quiet along lines a little nearer home. It were useless to attempt a description of these actions now, but when Grant completed a victory that had begun as a defeat, by leading in person a charge of six regiments, he showed that a General might promise little and yet accomplish much. Soon after he had worsted the ablest Rebel leader in the South, who was killed in that fierce engagement at Shiloh Church, Halleck assumed command in the South-West, and the victor was rewarded for his two successes by subsequent neglect until September, 1862. He was then appointed to the command of the army of West-Tennessee, his force constituting the 13th Army Corps, and fixed his headquarters at Jackson in that State. In the meantime McClellan had been driven from before Richmond, Pope had been defeated at the second battle of Bull Run, and an uncertain victory at Antietam had closed the career of a General who was called to the head of the army in the fervor of popular enthusiasm, and had been restored to command in a moment of popular dispair. During the dark and terrible winter that followed, the army of the Potomac under its successive commanders lay on the banks of the Rappahannock, and fought the ill-fated battle of Fredericksburg and Chancellorville, while Grant and Sherman were quietly working out their plans on the Mississippi and Yazoo. When Lee moved northward in the Spring and Summer of 1863, and Meade was enabled to gain his great victory at Gettysburg, the capitulation of Pemberton added Vicksburg to Gettysburg in the associations connected with the ever-glorious Fourth of July. In detailing the appointments of Major-Generals which had been made in the regular army, Grant once modestly said: "After the capitulation of Vicksburg I was added," as if himself unconscious of the importance of an event that had given the army a leader who conquered a peace for the country, and makes him to-day the candidate of the great Republican party for President, an office which he would not desire were not the people intent on giving him this last mark of their confidence and esteem.

One who was within the rebel lines during the invasion of Pennsylvania in 1863, was told by an arrogant Southerner whose deserted home was near the spot where Grant's army lay, that the dark and fetid waters of the Yazoo would destroy his men even if there were no intrenched enemy in front to pick them off in detail. But the same flash of the lightning that brought the news of Meade's victory at Gettysburg brought word of Pemberton's defeat at Vicksburg. As a reward for this victory, Grant, in his own modest words, was added to the Major-Generals already appointed for the regular army, but unlike the time when he was commissioned a Major-General of Volunteers, no fortune now could doom him to inactivity. Before he was ordered to assume command at Chattanoogo, after the unfortunate battle of Chickamauga, President Lincaln wrote him a characteristic letter. It was dated July 13, 1863, and was as follows: "My Dear General: I do not remember that you and I ever met personally. I write this now as a grateful acknowledgement for the almost inestimable service you have done the country. I wish to say a word further. When you first reached the vicinity of Vicksburg, I thought you should do what you finally did—march the troops across the neck, run the batteries with the transports, and thus go below; and I never had any faith, except a general hope that you knew better than I, that the Yazoo expedition and the like could succeed. When you got below and took Port Gibson, Grand Gulf, and vicinity, I thought you should go down the river and join Gen. Banks; and when you turned northward, east of the Big Black, I thought it was a mistake. I now wish to make the personal acknowledgment that you were right and I was wrong."

A victory which could call forth such a letter as this from President Lincoln would produce in the mind of the Executive the most unbounded confidence in the capacity of the commander by whom it was gained. It is gratifying that that confidence was never betrayed and never disappointed. He first justified the President's faith, soon after he assumed the chief command in Tennessee, by the brilliant victory at Lookout Mountain, driving the rebel Gen. Bragg from the Chattanooga Valley and Mission Bridge, and opening up the way for Sherman's Great March to the Sea. Then the National House of Representatives passed a unanimous vote of thanks to Gen. Grant for his victories and ordered a medal to be struck in hishonor, while both Houses of Congress concurred in the passage of an act reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General, a rank never held by any one except Washington, and Grant was recommended for the post, it being prescribed that the Lieutenant-General should have cammand of the armies. President Lincoln formally presented him with his commission March 9, 1864, and having opened up the path to the final victory in the South-West, he at once proceeded to pave the way to success in the South-East.

The Grand army of the Potomac, smarting under its many misfortunes, notwithstanding the bright spot of Gettysburg upon its banners, and its imperishabie record for heroism, needed the prestage of Gen. Grant to give it confidence in itself. Those noble Veterans felt that success was assured when they found him willing to join his great fame with theirs, and to link his destinies with their fortunes. He received his commission from the hands of the President, with but few words, and without indicating his purpose left the Executive presence to begin his advance upon Richmond.—The Rapidan was crossed, and Lee fought in the terrible battle of the Wilddrness; then he advanced to the North Anna River, and making a flank movement upon Cold Harbor, fought another sanguinary battle, the assault upon the Rebel works at that place; and then, swimming around the trenched lines of the enemy, he crossed the James and invested Petersburg. Desperate engagements followed, and, during the investment, he mined and blew up Fort Hell, a rebel stronghold, with the view of taking the town by assault; but the operation failed with severe punishment on our side, and heavy loss to the enemy. This, together with the desperate straits to which Lee was reduced, emboldoned him to take the offensive, and on the night of the 27th of March, 1865, he moved three divisions of his troops before Fort Stedman, and surprised and captured the position. Before night it had been re taken, and then the battle of Hatcher's Run was fought, continuing until evening. On the 2d of April the rebel intrenchments, with 6,000 men, at Big Five Forks, were captured, and an attack was ordered along the whole line, under Grant's direction, which ended in driving Lee from his works and the abandonment of Richmond. Lee's retreat was cut off by the rapid movements which Grant instituted, and on the 9th of April, just one week after the last great battle, the army of Northern Virginia captured. Soon after the Rebel Gen. Johnson surrendered to Gen. Sherman, on the same terms granetd by Grant to Lee, and the great civil war was ended.

If Gen. Grant was appointed to the command of the armies with a rank never held by one before except Washington, a greater honor if possible was in store for him. He is now simply General of the United States Army, and soon he will be President of the United States.

RIP VAN WINKLE,

waking up from his nap of twenty years, if he could only have moistened his

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1868. 1868.

ON and after January 1st, 1868, Passenger trains will run as follows:

TRAINS WESTWARD

	Mail	Day Exp	Ev'g. Exp	Night Exp	Dex. Acc
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M
DETROIT, l've,	7:05	10:00	5:45	9:30	4:20
Wayne,	8.05	....	6:20	...	5:15
YPSILANTI,	8:35	11:15	7:10	11:00	5:50
Ann Arbor,	9:00	11:37	7:35	11:22	6:15
Dexter,	9:30	11;58	8:00	11,45	6:45
Chelsea,	9:50	—	8:20	—	—
		P.M.		A.M.	
Jackson,	10:50	1:00	9:20	1;00	—
	P.M.		A.M.		
CHICAGO, ARR.	8:15	9:00	6:30	9:30	—

DEXTER ACCOMMODATION.—To Dexter Daily except Sundays. Leaves Jackson Mondays only.

TRAINS EASTWARD.

	Mail	Day Exp	Ev'g. Exp	Night Exp	Dex Acc
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M	A.M.
CHICAGO, l've,	4:20	7:00	5:15	8:30	—
	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.
Jackson,	1;50	3:10	1:00	5:30	—
Chelsea,	2:50	—	—	6;20	—
Dexter,	3:10	4:08	—	6:35	5:50
Ann Arbor,	3:40	4:30	—	7:00	6:20
YPSILANTI,	4:05	4:50	2:38	7:20	6:45
Wayne,	4:35	—	—	—	7:18
DETROIT, ARR.	5:30	6:00	3:40	8:30	8:15

DEXTER ACCOMMODATION—To Detroit daily, except Saturdays and Sundays.

Trains leave Jackson for Mason, Lansing Owosso, &c., 7;25, 8:20 a. m., and 3:45 p. m.

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Steamboat Express, 11;30 p. m.

The Railway Ferry leaves Michigan Central dock at 10;20 a.m. and 6:30 p. m., Detro & Milwaukee and Michigan Southern dock a 10:30 a.m. and 6;40 p, m. Detroit time.

Tickets secured at 39 Woodward ave ue, corner Woodbridge and Third streets, Detroit, and on board the Ferry. Pullmans 16 wheeled palace sleeping coaches run between Detroit and Rochester. Berths secured at 39 Woodward ave.

Trains arrive at Windsor at 5:20 a. m., 36 a m., 5 p. m., m., and 10;10 p. m.

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Hamilton, C. W. Detroit, May 13, 1867

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Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen,

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excessses and removes all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is particularly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity, and although very powerful, contains nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, it will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The pamphlet around each package has full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for it, sealed from all observation.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

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N. B.—One Dollar, with fifteen cents for postage, enclosed to the sole proprietor, JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt Street, New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents. 224-1y.

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ARE the most perfect purgative we are able to produce, and, as we think, has ever yet been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the other medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart tone and strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every day complaints of everybody, but formidable and dangous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are entirely harmless. Cures have been made that would surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted fellow-men.

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Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations on which they make more profit Demand AYER'S and take no ivthers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

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From and after May 11th; 1868, Trains will leave in connection with all Western lines, as follows:

FROM BUFFALO—By New York Time from depot cor. Exchange and Michigan streets:

5.00 *A. M NEW YORK DAY EXPRESS,* (Sundays excepted). Stops at Hornellsville 8.09 A. M., (Bkft,); Susquehanna, 1.25 P. M., (Dine); Turner's 7.05 (Sup.) and arrives in New York 9:25 P. M. Connects at Great Bend with Delaware Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and at Jersey City with Midnight Express Train of New Jersey Railroad for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

7.30 *A. M. EXPRESS MAIL,* via Avon and Hornellsville (Sundays accepted). Arrives in New York at 7.40 A. M.

2.35 *P. M. LIGHTNING EXPRESS,* (daily). Stops at Hornellsvile 6.10 P. M. (Sup.) and arrives in New York 7.40 A. M., connecting at Jersey City with Morning Express Train of New Jersey Railroad for Baltimore and Washington.

7.35 *P. M. NEW YORK NIGHT EXPRESS,* (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Hornellsville 11:08 P. M. intersecting with the 5:50 P. M. Train from Dunkirk, and arrives in New York at 12.40 P. M.

11.20 *P. M CINCINNATI EXPRESS,* (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Susquehanna 7.48 A. M. (Bkft.); Turner's 1.37 P. M., (Dine), and arrives in New York at 3.55 P. M. Connects at Elmira with Northern Central Railway for Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and points South, and at New York with Afternoon Trains and Steamers for Boston and New England Cities.

Only One Train East on Sunday, leaving Buffalo at 2:35 P. M., and reaching New York at 7:40 A. M.

FROM DUNKIRK AND SALAMANCA—By New York time from Union Depots:

7.30 *A. M. EXPRESS MAIL,* from Dunkirk, (Sundays excepted). Stops at Salamanca 10.00 A. M., and connects at Hornellsville and Corning with the 7.30 A. M. Express Mail from Buffalo, and arrives in New York at 7.40 A. M.

3.25 *P. M. LIGHTNING EXPRESS,* from Salamanca, (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Hornellsville 6 12 P. M. (Sup.) intersecting with the 2. 35 P. M. Train from Buffalo, and arrives in New York at 7.40 A. M.

5,50 *P. M. NEW YORK NIGHT EXPRESS.* from Dunkirk, (Sundays excepted), Stops at Salamanca 7.45 P. M.; Olean 8.20 P. M. (Sup.); Turner's 10:13 A. M. (Bkft.), and arrives in New York at 12.40 P. M. Connects at Great Bend with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway for Scranton, Trenton and Philadelphia and at New York with Afternoon Trains and Steamers for Boston and and New England Cities.

9:50 *P. M CINCINNATI EXPRESS,* from Dunkirk, (Sundays excepted) Stops at Salamanca 11.55 P. M., and connects at Hornellsville with the 11.20 P. M. Train from Buffalo, arriving in New York 3.55 P. M.

Boston and New England Passengers, with their Baggage, are transferred *free of charge* in New York.

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